

Installation and Operation Instructions

1200°C Tube Furnace - TF1 150mm ø60mm

TF1 12/60/150

Contents

This manual is for guidance on the use of the Carbolite Gero product specified on the front cover. This manual should be read thoroughly before unpacking and using the furnace or oven. The model details and serial number are shown on the back of this manual. Use the product for the purpose for which it is intended.

1.0	Introduction	5
1.1	Scope and Purpose	5
1.1.1	Responsibilities	5
1.2	Prerequisites to Use	6
2.0	Safety	7
2.1	Symbols and Warnings	7
2.2	Operator Safety	8
2.3	Risk Prevention and Mitigating Residual Risks	8
2.4	Safety Warning - Refractory Fibre Insulation	9
3.0	Product Overview	10
3.1	Product Rating Label	10
3.2	Part Identification	11
3.3	Control Box Input / Output Identification	12
3.4	Product Labels	13
3.5	Dimensions	14
4.0	Specifications	16
4.1	Options and Accessories	16
5.0	Electrical Specifications	17
5.1	Fuses and Power Settings	17
5.2	Operating / Storage Environment	18
6.0	Options and Accessories	19
6.1	Work Tube End Seals	19
6.2	Insulation Plugs / Radiation Shields	21
6.2.1	Insulation Plug / Radiation Shield Installation	22
6.3	Probe Thermocouple (Optional)	22
6.3.1	Cascade Control	22
6.4	Inert Gas Package (Standard / Advanced)	23
6.5	Gas Safety System	24
7.0	Installation	25
7.1	Manual Handling	25
7.2	Unpacking	25

7.2.1	Vertical Orientation:	25
7.3	Siting and Setting Up	26
7.4	Work Tube Installation	28
7.5	Lid Prop	30
7.6	Insulation Collar Replacement	32
7.7	End Guard Installation	36
7.8	Work Tube Supports	37
7.8.1	Horizontal Orientation	37
7.8.2	Vertical Orientation (Vertical Stand and Vertical Tube Support Package Only)	37
7.9	Dismounting the Furnace from the Control Box	40
7.10	Mounting the Furnace on the Vertical Stand	44
7.11	Securing Vertical Stands to a Surface	47
7.11.1	Horizontal Surface	47
7.11.2	Vertical Surface	48
7.12	Electrical Connections	50
7.12.1	1-Phase Connections	50
7.13	Mains Supply Cable	51
7.14	Connecting a Supply Cable to Internal Terminals	51
8.0	Commissioning	53
8.1	Pre-Commissioning	53
8.2	Commissioning - Initial Function Checks	54
9.0	Operation	56
9.1	Operating Cycle	56
9.2	Safe Operation	57
9.3	Recommendations for Work Tube Usage	58
9.3.1	Inserting Work Pieces and Samples	58
9.3.2	Running at High Temperatures	58
9.3.3	Heating Rates	58
9.4	Insulation Cracking	58
9.5	Pressure	59
10.0	Maintenance	60
10.1	General Maintenance	60
10.2	Maintenance Schedule	60
10.3	Cleaning	62
10.4	Calibration	62
10.5	After-Sales Service	62
10.6	Recommended Spare Parts and Spare Parts Kit	62

10.7	Maintenance Manual	63
11.0	Fault Analysis	64
A.	Furnace Does Not Heat Up	64
B.	Product Overheats	65
12.0	Decommissioning, Storage and Disposal	66
12.1	Decommissioning	66
12.2	Storage (Long Term)	66
12.3	Disposal	66
13.0	Declaration of Conformity	67
	Declaration of Conformity	67

1.0 Introduction

1.1 Scope and Purpose

This product is intended to be used within a laboratory environment for the processing or testing of materials at high temperatures. It is intended that a work tube is fitted within the furnace and that materials are placed within the work tube for processing.

It must be installed, commissioned, and operated in accordance with the instructions contained within this manual, and only by trained personnel.

For maintenance instructions, please contact Carbolite Gero to request the separate "Maintenance Manual".



Note: If this product is used for any application other than its intended purpose, as stated by Carbolite Gero, the protection provided by this equipment may be impaired.

Note: Failure to comply with the instructions as stated within this manual will constitute misuse and subsequently void any warranty provided by Carbolite Gero.

1.1.1 Responsibilities

The customer is responsible for conducting their own risk assessment and ensuring that any materials to be processed within the product are suitable to be safely heated to the required temperature, and that appropriate safety measures are taken when handling such materials:

- Any material that is combustible or liable to cause explosions or generate combustible gas must not be processed unless the product is supplied with specialist equipment designed to manage such reactions
- The customer must provide an adequate ventilation and fume extraction system to manage any fumes given off by materials during processing

This product should not be modified or used for any purpose other than that for which it is intended.

1.2 Prerequisites to Use

Prior to the commissioning and use of this product, all personnel involved in its installation, operation and maintenance must be deemed competent and have:

- Read and understood the information contained within this manual
- Received the relevant training with regard to safety and operation of the product
- Been provided with the appropriate PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) required for the safe operation of this product

Note: The customer is responsible for ensuring that all of the above conditions are satisfied before the product is commissioned for use.



Note: Unless otherwise specified, the customer is responsible for the installation of this product and the safe connection of any additional equipment and gas or liquid supply lines.









Note: Throughout this manual, written instructions are accompanied by diagrams. Diagrams may be highlighted in different colours and do not reflect the actual colouration of the product. Parts that are to be moved are highlighted in **YELLOW** and are intended to be fixed to, or removed from, surfaces highlighted in **BLUE**. Where applicable, arrows show the direction of movement.

2.0 Safety

2.1 Symbols and Warnings

Note: Observe and take the appropriate precautions if any of the following warning symbols are displayed on this product or in your working environment.

	Refer to the instruction manual before operating or maintaining the equipment		Disconnect the product from the power supply before performing any maintenance
	Wear eye protection		Wear a heat-resistant face shield
	Wear heat-resistant gloves		Wear breathing apparatus
	Wear protective footwear		Wear protective clothing
	Minimum of 2 people required to lift		DANGER: Heavy load. Specialist equipment required!
	WARNING!		DANGER: Risk of electric shock!
	DANGER: Fire risk!		DANGER: Hot surface!
	CAUTION: Double Pole/ Neutral Fusing!		DANGER: Explosive materials / atmosphere!
	DANGER: Suspended loads!		





	DANGER: Risk of slipping!		DANGER: Risk of crushing injury!
	WARNING: Adequate ventilation required!		DO NOT dispose! Recycle according to WEEE Regulation guidelines!
	Any action noted beside this symbol is strictly forbidden!		DO NOT use this product to cook or heat food or beverages!

2.2 Operator Safety

Note: It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure that all personnel required to operate this product are fully trained and equipped with the appropriate PPE (Personal Protective Equipment).

Carbolite Gero recommend that the appropriate PPE is worn at all times whilst working with and around this product.

2.3 Risk Prevention and Mitigating Residual Risks

Risk		Prevention Measures
	Hot Surface	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wear appropriate PPE e.g. heat resistant gloves Do not place any objects on top of the product Ensure the product is sited on a non-flammable surface, and that all adjacent surfaces are also non-flammable
	Ventilation required	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only operate in a well ventilated area If necessary, only operate in a fume cupboard
	Fire / Explosion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only trained operators should use this equipment Only process materials for which a suitable risk assessment has been carried out
	Exposure to hazardous material	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wear appropriate PPE e.g. protective gloves, dust masks, eye protection Avoid breaking up insulation material Please refer to section 2.4 for further details If in doubt, please contact Carbolite Gero Service

2.4 Safety Warning - Refractory Fibre Insulation



Insulation made from High Temperature Insulation Wool Refractory Ceramic Fibre, better known as (Alumina silicate wool - ASW).

This product contains **alumino silicate wool** products in its thermal insulation. These materials may be in the form of blanket or felt, formed board or shapes, slab or loose fill wool.

Typical use does not result in any significant level of airborne dust from these materials, but much higher levels may be encountered during maintenance or repair.

Whilst there is no evidence of any long term health hazards, it is strongly recommended that safety precautions are taken whenever the materials are handled.

Exposure to fibre dust may cause respiratory disease.

When handling the material, always use approved respiratory protection equipment (RPE-eg. FFP3), eye protection, gloves and long sleeved clothing.

Avoid breaking up waste material. Dispose of waste in sealed containers.

After handling, rinse exposed skin with water before washing gently with soap (not detergent). Wash work clothing separately.

Before commencing any major repairs it is recommended to make reference to the European Association representing the High Temperature Insulation Wool industry (www.ecfia.eu).



Further information can be provided on request. Alternatively, Carbolite Gero Service can quote for any repairs to be carried out either on site or at the Carbolite Gero factory.

3.0 Product Overview

3.1 Product Rating Label

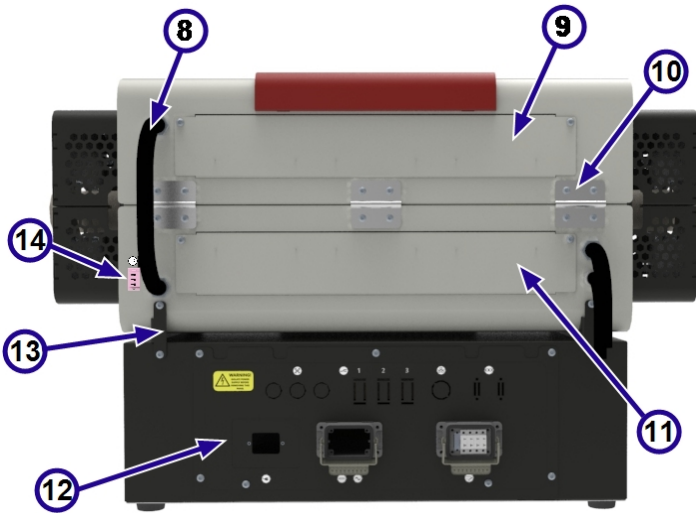
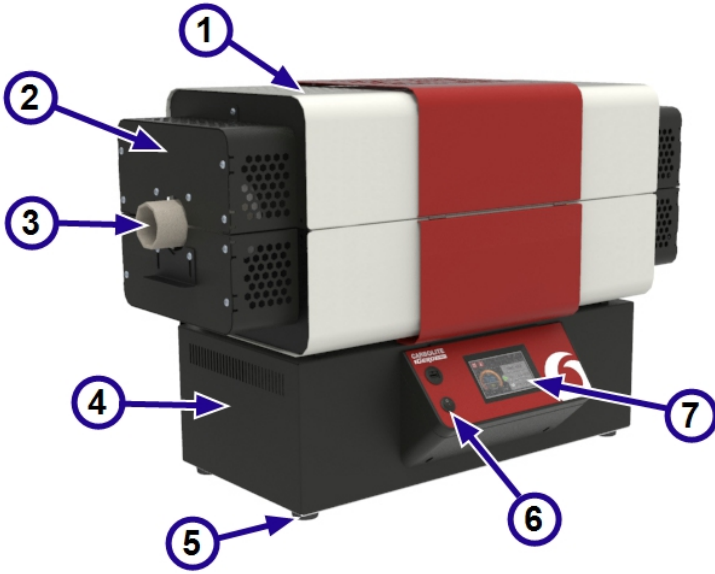
The product rating label is located on the side of the product control box.

Note: The image below is an example and does not reflect the product(s) covered by this manual.

UK CA	Carbolite GERO Ltd, Parsons Lane, Hope, Hope Valley, S33 6RB www.Carbolite – Gero.com		
	Country of Origin United Kingdom		
Type	TS 12/60/600	Manufactured	2020
	Serial No. 22-001028	Max Temp 1200°C	Power 2340 W
	Frequency 50-60 Hz	Volts 240 V	Phases 1
		Current	16.0 A

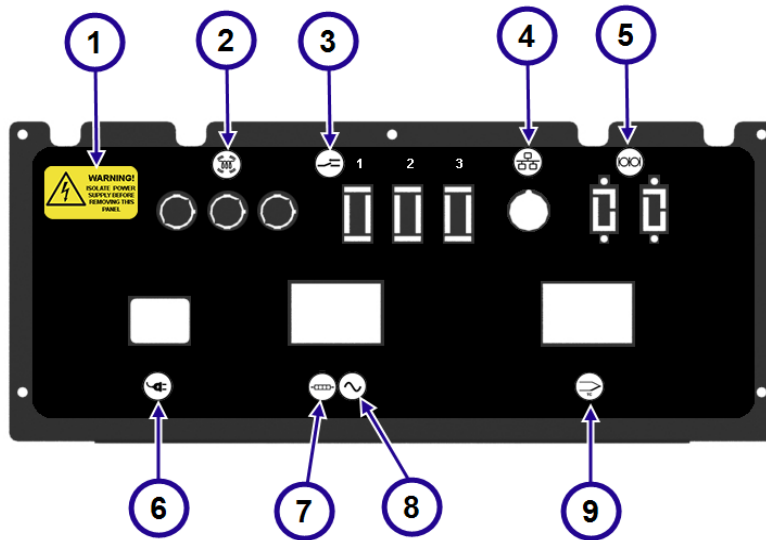
1	UKCA Mark
2	Carbolite Gero address and website
3	CE Mark
4	Country of Origin
5	Product Model
6	Year of Manufacture
7	Dispose of according to WEEE regulations (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive)
8	Product Serial Number
9	Maximum Temperature
10	Power Rating
11	Frequency (Hertz)
12	Design Voltage
13	Design Phases
14	Current (Amps)










3.2 Part Identification



1	Outer Casing
2	End Guards
3	Work Tube
4	Control Box
5	Control Box Foot
6	Instrument Switch
7	Controller
8	Electrical Conduits
9	Heating Element Access Panel (1)
10	Hinge
11	Heating Element Access Panel (2)
12	Electrical Component Access Panel
13	Mounting Supports
14	Probe Thermocouple Socket (Cascade Control option only)

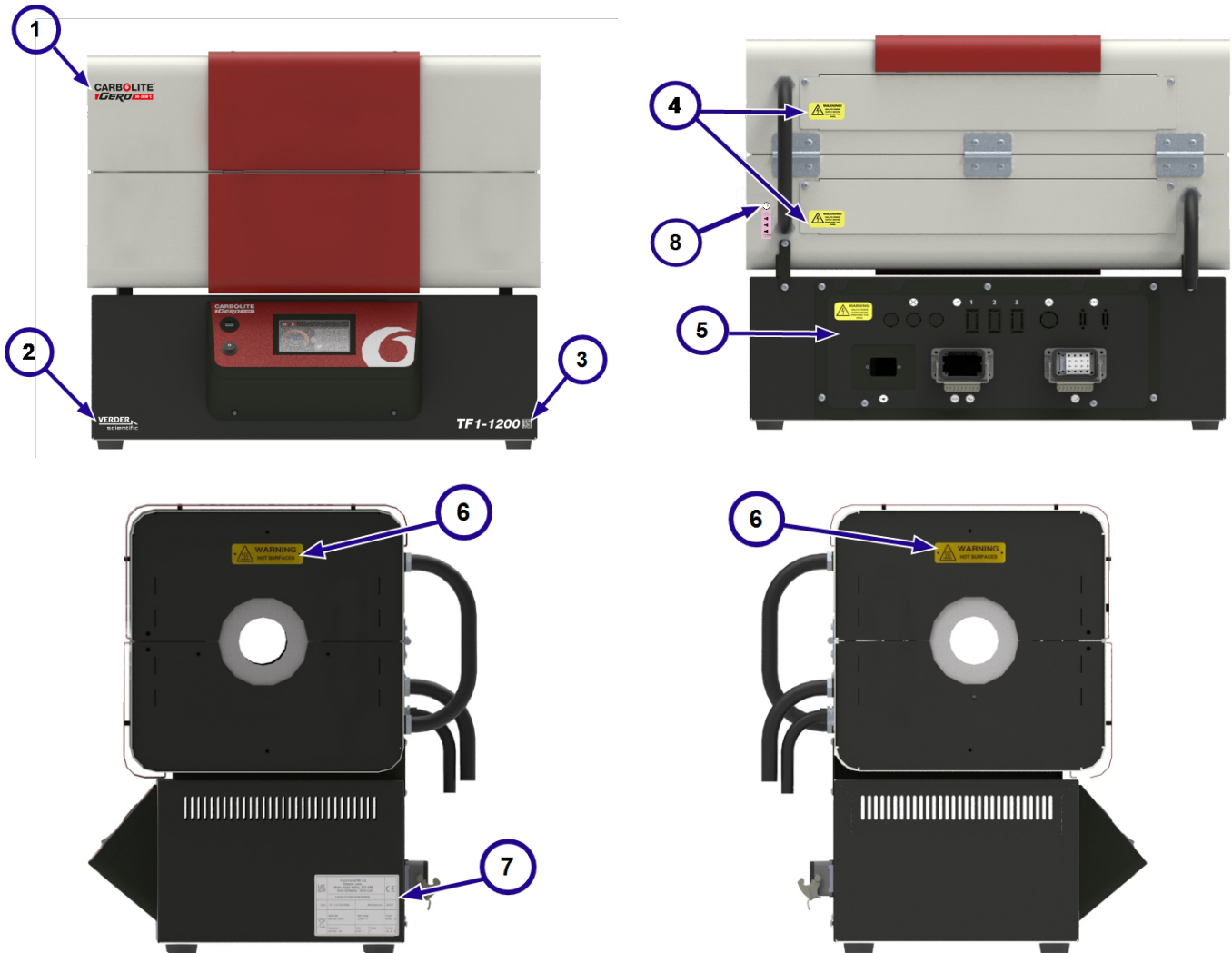
3.3 Control Box Input / Output Identification



1	 WARNING! ISOLATE POWER SUPPLY BEFORE REMOVING THIS PANEL	Warning! Isolate power supply before removing this panel!
2		Heating Lamps
3		Relay Inputs (optional)
4		Ethernet Communication Port
5		Serial Communications Port(s) (optional)
6		Power Supply Input
7		Power Output to Heating Elements
8		Alternating Current (AC)
9		Thermocouple Input

3.4 Product Labels

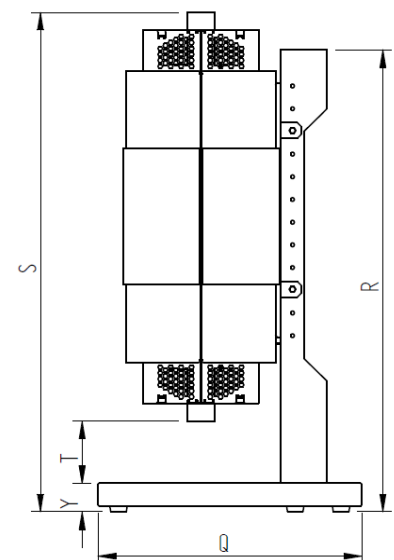
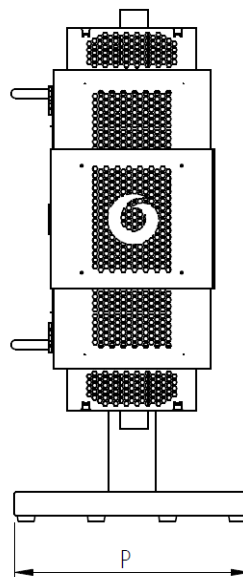
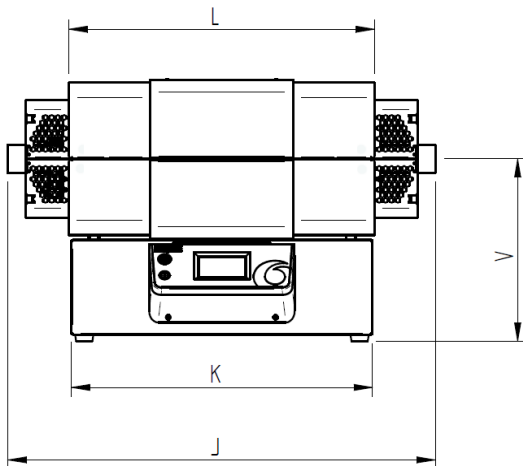
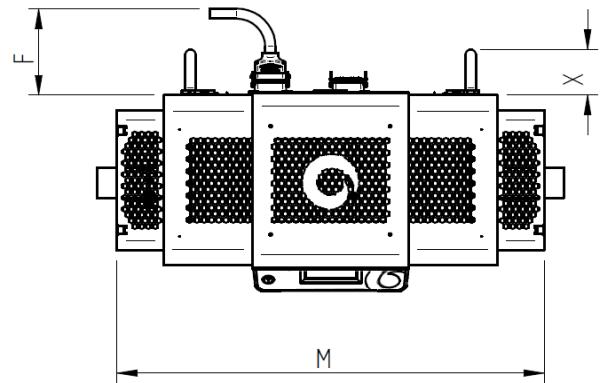
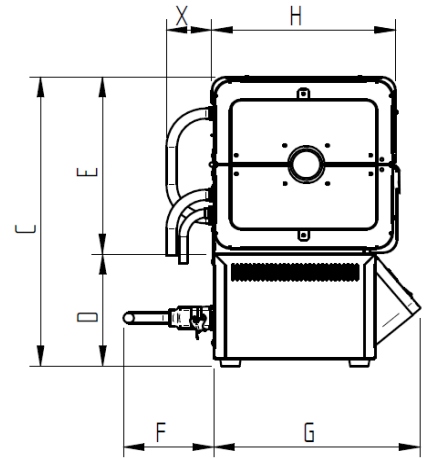
Before commissioning this product, ensure that the following product information and warning labels are in the positions detailed below:

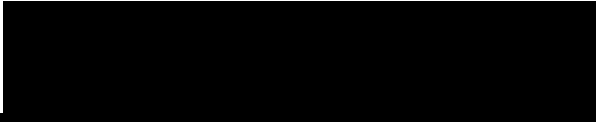


1	Carbolite Gero Logo
2	Verder Scientific logo
3	Product ID Label
4	WARNING: ISOLATE POWER SUPPLY BEFORE REMOVING THIS PANEL
5	Electrical Component Access Panel Label
6	WARNING: HOT SURFACES
7	Product Rating label
8	Probe Thermocouple Socket Label (Cascade Control Option Only)

3.5 Dimensions

C	Height on control box
D	Height of control box
E	Height of furnace case (closed)
F	Minimum depth for control box conduits
G	Depth of control box
H	Depth of furnace case
J	Maximum work tube length
K	Width of control box
L	Width of furnace case
M	Width with end guards
P	Stand base width
Q	Stand base depth
R	Stand height
S	Maximum height on stand
T	Clearance under work tube
V	Centre-line height
X	Minimum depth for furnace conduits
Y	Height of stand base





Note: All dimensions referenced are measured in millimetres (mm).

C	D	E*	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	P	Q	R	S (min)	S (max)	T (min)	T (max)	V*	X	Y
575	228	342	170	388	345	600	483	343	520	500	575	1213	810	1360	134	534	405	90	76

**If the furnace has been separated from the control box and fitted with feet, the values stated in the table above will be as follows:*

- *E = 352*
- *V = 187*

Note: It is possible to mount the furnace on the vertical stand at several different height positions (typically at 50mm increments), therefore dimensions **S** and **T** are variable depending on the position of the furnace on the stand. The "Min" and "Max" values represent the furnace mounted at the highest and lowest possible positions. Please contact Carbolite Gero for assistance.

4.0 Specifications

Furnace	
Maximum Temperature (°C)	1200
Maximum Continuous Operating Temperature (°C)	1100
Maximum Power (kW)	0.75
Net Weight (kg)	31
Heated Length (mm)	150
Minimum recommended work tube length (mm)	430
Maximum recommended work tube length (mm)	600

Control Box	
Height x Width x Depth (mm)	228 x 485 x 480
Net Weight (kg)	10

4.1 Options and Accessories

Vertical Stand	
Height x Width x Depth (mm)	1213 x 500 x 575
Net Weight (kg)	14.8

5.0 Electrical Specifications



This equipment **MUST** be earthed!

Product Ingress Protection (IP) Rating: 20

5.1 Fuses and Power Settings

Phases	Voltage (V)	Main Fuse (Amps, Type, Size)	Power Turndown (%)
1 phase + Neutral	100*	10, gG, 10x38mm	100
	110	10, gG, 10x38mm	89
	120	10, gG, 10x38mm	75
	200*	6, gG, 10x38mm	100
	208	6, gG, 10x38mm	100
	220	6, gG, 10x38mm	89
	230	6, gG, 10x38mm	82
	240	6, gG, 10x38mm	75

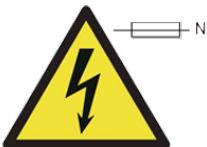
*100V and 200V models may have lower maximum power consumption values, resulting in slightly reduced heat up rates. Please contact Carbolite Gero for further information.

Note:

All auxiliary fuses on standard models are rated at **2 Amps** and should only be replaced with fuses of the following specification: **F2A HBC 5x20mm**.

Auxiliary fuses for models ordered with the Advanced Inert Gas Package are rated at **5 Amps** and should only be replaced with fuses of the following specification: **T5A HBC 5x20mm**.

Note: If the product is fitted with a detachable mains supply cable, DO NOT replace the cable with one that does not meet the rating standards required above.



Double Pole Neutral Fusing may be used in this product to protect against faults caused when it is possible to reverse the polarity of the connection to the power supply e.g. in countries that have 2-pin plugs that could be connected "either way".

5.2 Operating / Storage Environment

The products covered by this manual contain electrical parts and should be stored and used in indoor conditions as follows:

Temperature:	5°C - 40°C
Relative humidity:	Maximum 80% up to 31°C decreasing linearly to 50% at 40°C
Altitude:	Not exceeding 2000 metres

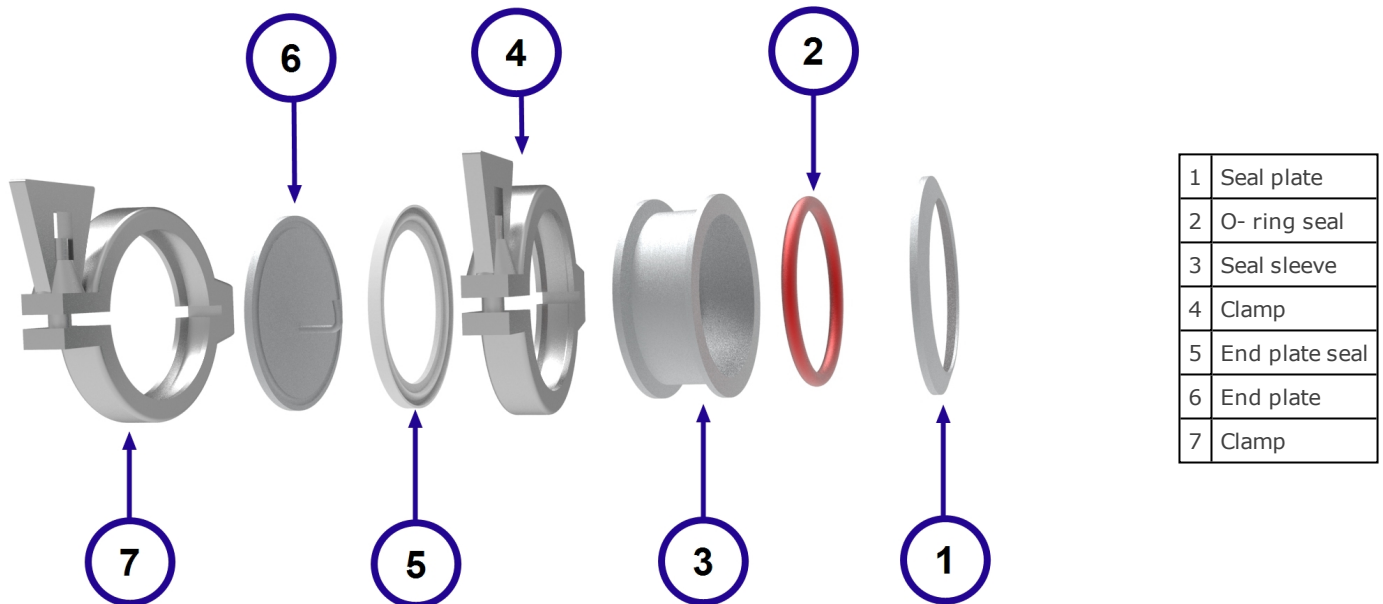
6.0 Options and Accessories

Note: Any additional equipment to be used with this product should be supplied by Carbolite Gero. Accessories from third-party sources are not designed to Carbolite Gero's specifications and may result in poor performance, damage to equipment or dangerous working conditions.

6.1 Work Tube End Seals

Work tube end seals are attached to both ends of a work tube in order to contain a modified atmosphere (gas or vacuum).

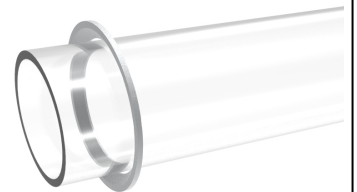
A standard end seal assembly is made up of the following components:

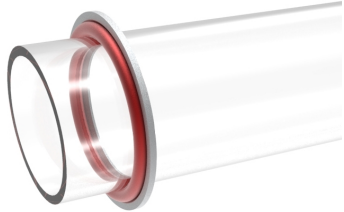
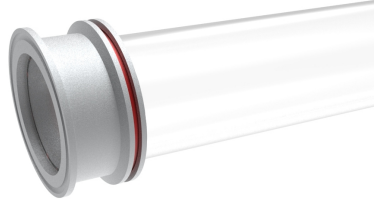
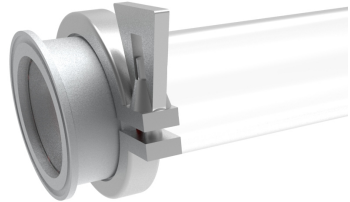
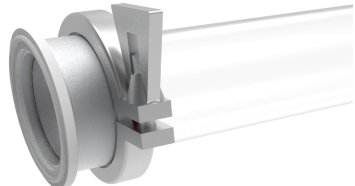
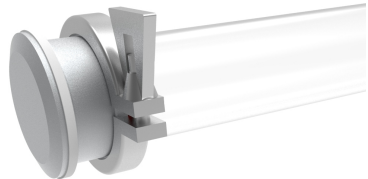


Note: Depending on the work tube package ordered, the end plate may have gas inlet / outlet pipes, thermocouple glands and/or vacuum fittings.

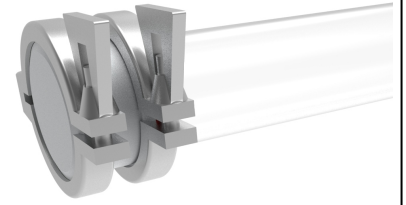
To fit the end seal assembly to a work tube:

- Place the seal plate over the end of the work tube as shown.



<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Carefully push the O-ring seal over the work tube and flush against the seal plate. The O-ring should fit within the taper of the seal plate. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Slide the seal sleeve over the work tube until the end is flush against the end of the work tube. It may be necessary to adjust the positioning of the O-ring seal and seal plate in order to allow the seal sleeve to fit completely over the work tube. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Secure the seal sleeve and seal plate in position with a clamp. Carefully tighten the clamp so that the seal sleeve and seal plate do not slip around the work tube. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Push the end plate seal onto the groove on the end of the seal sleeve. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Push the end plate onto the end of the assembly. It may be necessary to hold it in position until it is secured with a clamp. 	

- Secure the end plate to the end of the seal sleeve with the remaining clamp.



6.2 Insulation Plugs / Radiation Shields



Note: Insulation plugs are constructed from refractory fibre materials and should be treated with great care; always wear appropriate PPE when handling. Insulation materials become brittle and more likely to crack and disperse fibres once heated. Refer to section 2.4 for more information.

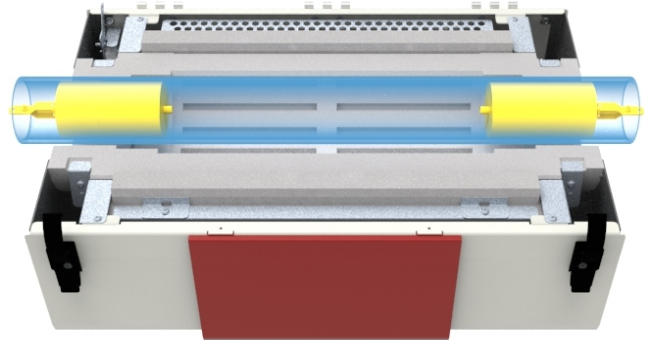
Insulation plugs / radiation shields help to increase temperature uniformity whilst preventing excessive levels of heat from escaping out the ends of the work tube, which could damage the end seals (if fitted) or surrounding environment. They also provide the added benefit of gradually reducing the temperature difference (temperature gradient) between the heated section and cooler ends of the work tube, thus reducing the risk of thermal shock damage.

1	Hanger		
2	Stem		
3	Thermocouple access groove		
4	Insulation material		
5	Radiation shields		
		<i>Insulation Plug</i>	<i>Radiation Shield</i>

Note: Insulation plugs and radiation shields will vary in appearance, depending on the tube furnace size and model.

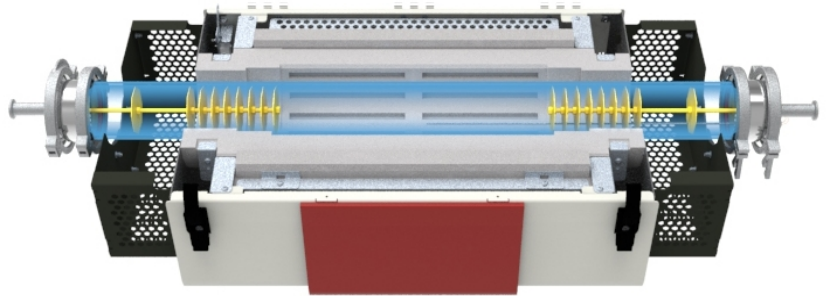
6.2.1 Insulation Plug / Radiation Shield Installation

- The hanger at the end of the each insulation plug should be level with the end of the work tube. If using the work tube package for air, holes in the ends of the hangers allow them to be secured to the support brackets using screws.



Example: Work Tube Package for Air Atmosphere

- If using end seals, the hanger at the end of each insulation plug / radiation shield stem should be connected to the hook on the inside of the end plate. This will ensure correct positioning within the work tube.



Example: Work Tube Package for Vacuum Atmosphere

6.3 Probe Thermocouple (Optional)

Probe thermocouples enable operators to record more accurate temperature readings inside a heated vessel (work tube, retort, reactor etc.).

A probe thermocouple can be plugged into an independent external temperature reader.

6.3.1 Cascade Control

Furnaces configured to operate via cascade control always require a probe thermocouple.

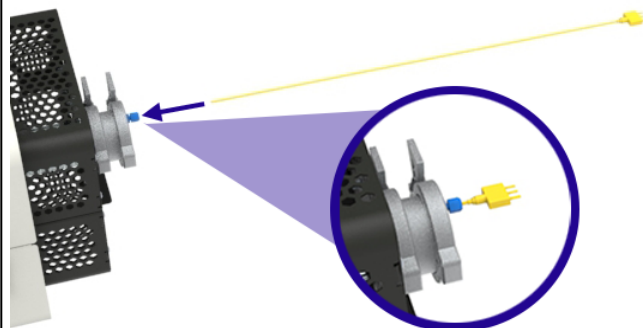
The operator inputs a setpoint temperature into the controller; this is the temperature that they desire inside the heated vessel, which is measured by the probe thermocouple. The temperature of the heating elements is measured by a separate, built-in thermocouple. The temperature controller reads both thermocouples and calculates the amount of power required to reach the setpoint.

Products ordered with cascade control have a socket at the rear of the furnace body into which the probe thermocouple can be connected.

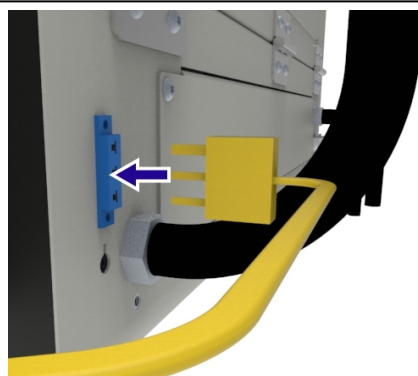
To connect the probe thermocouple for cascade control:

Note: Ensure that there is sufficient space at the side of the furnace to allow for the easy insertion and withdrawal of probe thermocouples.

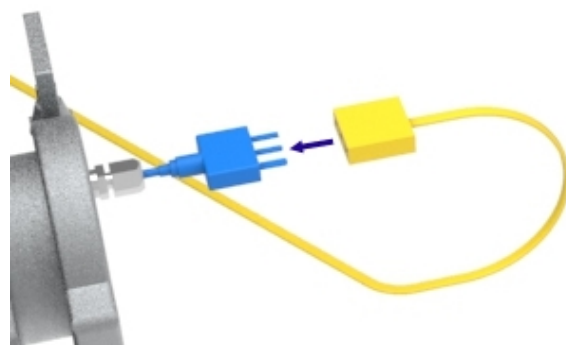
- Gently twist the compression nut, part of the thermocouple gland on the end of the work tube end plate to loosen the seal and allow for thermocouple access.
- Carefully insert the probe thermocouple through the gland.
- Securely tighten the gland to ensure that the thermocouple remains in position and that any atmosphere contained inside the work tube does not escape.



- Connect the male end of the thermocouple lead to the socket at the rear of the furnace body.



- Connect the female end of the lead to the end of the thermocouple.



Note: To reduce the risk of tangling or damaging the thermocouple, always disconnect the lead before withdrawing the thermocouple from the furnace.

6.4 Inert Gas Package (Standard / Advanced)

The Carbolite Gero inert gas package flowmeter modules are designed to be used only with inert gases such as argon (Ar), nitrogen (N₂) and helium (He).

The modular system allows for up to three gas lines per furnace, which can be controlled either manually, or automatically via a solenoid valve linked to the furnace temperature controller.

Please refer to the separate Inert Gas Package manual for detailed installation and operation instructions.

6.5 Gas Safety System

The gas safety system is necessary when a combustible gas, such as hydrogen, is used within the furnace.

Please refer to the separate Laboratory Gas Safety System manual for detailed installation and operation instructions.

7.0 Installation

7.1 Manual Handling



Refer to the "Specifications" section of this manual for product weights and dimensions.



Mechanical lifting equipment may be necessary!

Consult personnel responsible for health and safety before attempting to move this product!

It is the responsibility of the customer to provide any mechanical lifting aids, such as pallet trucks, forklifts or cranes, and to ensure that all operators of such equipment are fully trained and qualified.



All manual handling must be carried out according to local health and safety guidelines.

7.2 Unpacking

Note: Check that all items intended for delivery are present and undamaged before proceeding to install the product.

The product is delivered secured to a pallet for safety and manoeuvrability.

It is advised that the product is left on the pallet until it has been moved as close as possible to its intended installation location.

- If the furnace is intended to be mounted on a table or workbench, use appropriate lifting equipment to lift the pallet up to bench height.
- Ensuring that the product is stable and secure, remove any straps retaining the product to the pallet.
- Carefully slide the product off the pallet and onto the bench.

7.2.1 Vertical Orientation:

- If the furnace is ordered with the vertical package, it is delivered mounted on the vertical stand, but laid horizontally for transport.
- Once the furnace has been removed from the pallet, check the furnace is securely attached to the stand before proceeding.
- Securely attach a lifting strap to the top of the stand and use appropriate lifting equipment to carefully raise the furnace and stand to a vertical position.

7.3 Siting and Setting Up



The product should be sited in a well ventilated area, away from other sources of heat.

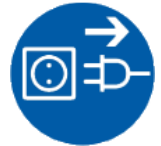
Note: If required, it is the customer's responsibility to provide an adequate extraction system. Under no circumstances should such an extraction system be connected directly to the product as this will affect product performance and may damage equipment.



Use the manual handling method recommended by your health and safety officer to place the product on a level, stable surface that is not prone to vibration or movement. The surface upon which the product is placed must be of a height suitable to allow the operator to easily and safely use the equipment.



The product should be placed on a non-flammable surface, resistant to the accidental spillage of hot materials. All adjacent surfaces should also be non-flammable.



Ensure that the power supply or isolating switch is easily accessible to the operator.



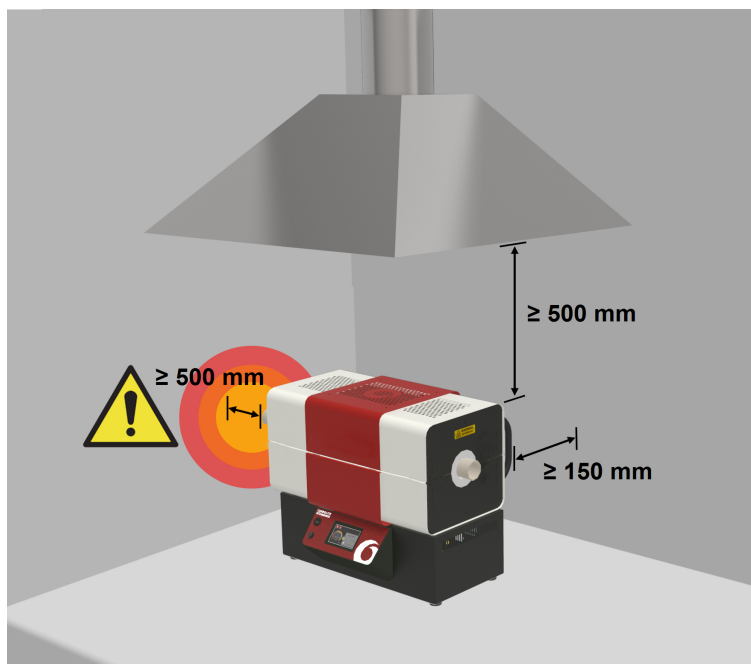
Note: If mounted on a vertical stand, the stand **MUST** be bolted down to the underlying surface. The customer is responsible for any injury or damage to equipment resulting from failure to comply with this instruction.

Note: Unless otherwise stated elsewhere in this manual, ensure that there is **at least 150 mm** of free space around the all sides of the product. Clear space is required above the product to dissipate heat.

Work tubes:



It is recommended that the work tube has either insulation plugs or radiation shields fitted to minimise heat loss from both ends of the work tube. If the work tube has open ends, a significant amount of energy could be radiated from the ends of the work tube. Adjacent surfaces should always be made from a non-flammable material. Ensure that the ends of the work tube are positioned **at least 500 mm** away from any adjacent surface so that any energy radiated cannot heat an adjacent surface to a dangerous temperature.



7.4 Work Tube Installation



Note: Disconnect the product from the electrical supply before carrying out any maintenance procedures.



Note: Do not operate the furnace without a work tube installed!



Note: If using a metal work tube it **MUST** be earthed!



Work tubes are fragile pieces of equipment. Depending on the size of the work tube, it may be advisable for more than one person to assist in its installation. Please consult your designated health and safety personnel for advice.



To avoid contamination, always wear clean gloves when handling the work tube.

Note: For ease of installation, it is recommended that work tubes are inserted when the furnace is orientated horizontally.

Note: The following images depict the fitting of an extended work tube, used when working with modified atmospheres. End guards are supplied only when the extended work tube package is ordered.

To install the work tube:

- Carefully slide the work tube through the hole in the insulation at one end of the furnace, gently rotating it as it passes through the insulation until it emerges from the other side. The act of rotating the work tube will help reduce friction damage to the end insulation



- Adjust the positioning of the work tube until an equal length of tube protrudes from each side of the furnace.



7.5 Lid Prop

For additional safety whilst performing maintenance procedures, this product is supplied with a specially designed lid prop.

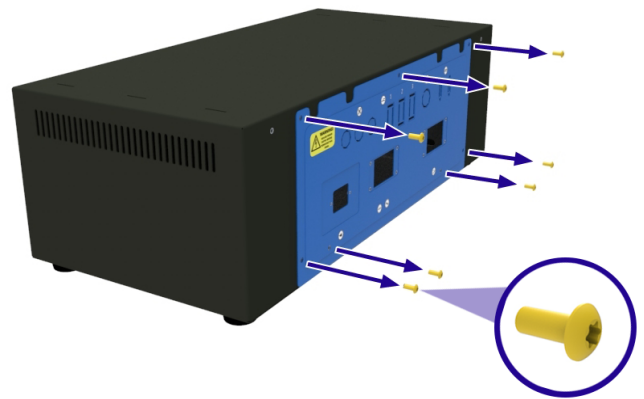
The lid prop is fixed to the inside of the control box back panel.



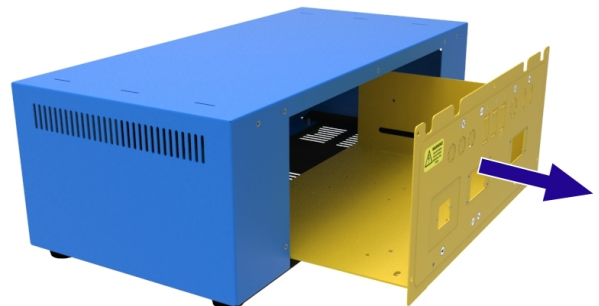
Note: Disconnect the product from the electrical supply before carrying out any maintenance procedures.

To retrieve the lid prop:

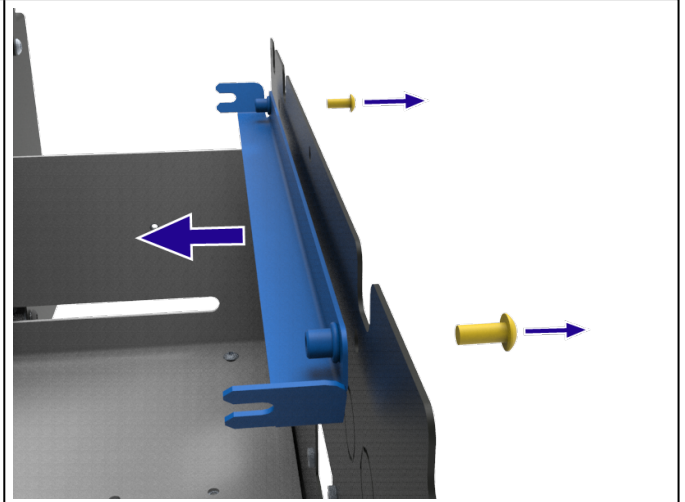
- Locate the electrical component access panel at the rear of the control box.
- Remove all screws securing the panel to the control box.



- Carefully slide the panel out of the control box, and disconnect the earth connection, taking care not to disconnect or damage any wiring.

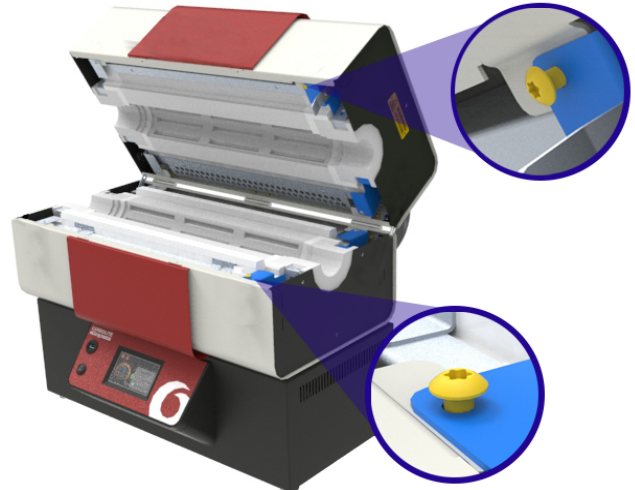


- Remove the two screws securing the lid prop to the electrical component access panel. Hold the lid prop whilst removing the screws to ensure that it does not fall onto and damage electrical components.
- Remove the lid prop from the control box and refit the electrical component access panel.

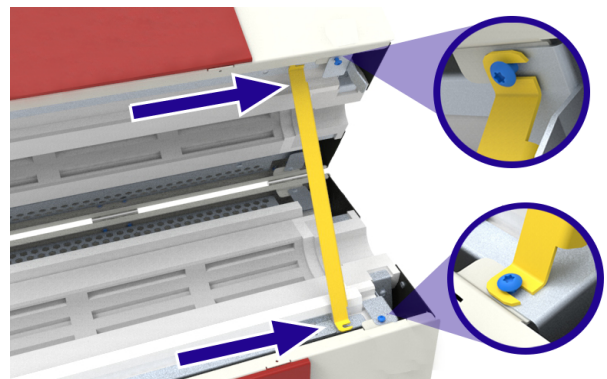


To securely insert the lid prop:

- Open the furnace.
- On the near right-hand side of the upper and lower insulation assemblies, carefully loosen the screws holding the insulation assemblies in place.



- Hook the end of the lid prop underneath the head of the screws and retighten them to secure the prop in place.
- Check the prop is secure before proceeding with any maintenance tasks.



7.6 Insulation Collar Replacement



Note: Disconnect the product from the electrical supply before carrying out any maintenance procedures.



Note: This component is made from refractory ceramic fibre. Wear appropriate PPE.
 Please refer to section 2.4 for more information

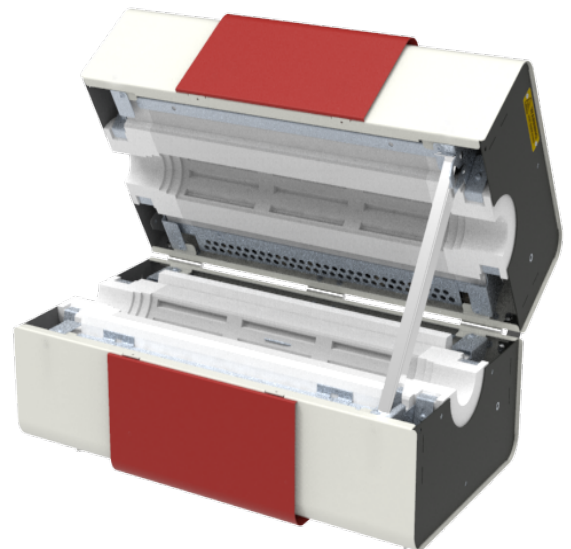


Note: Remove the work tube / vessel before proceeding with the following maintenance procedure.

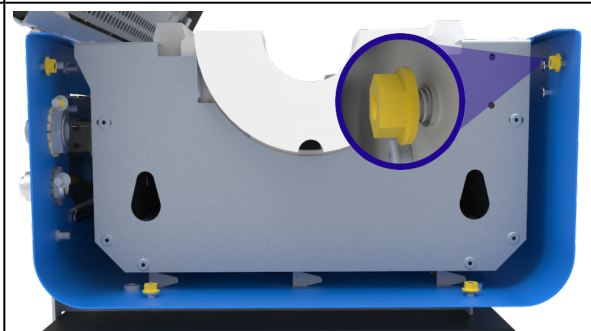
Replacement insulation collars are supplied in sets of four. Each insulation collar is identical so can be fitted at any appropriate position within the furnace.

To replace the insulation collars:

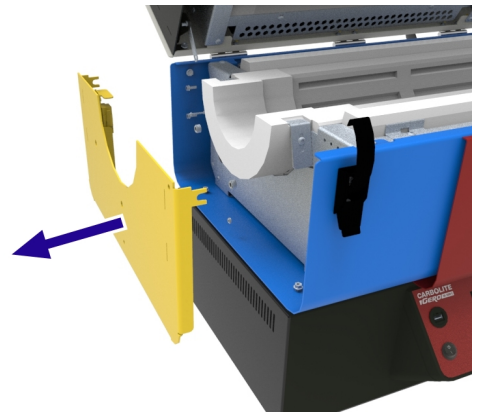
- If fitted, remove the furnace end guards (see section 7.7)
- The furnace is held together by internal brackets located behind the end plates, one at each end of the furnace.
- Remove one screw from each bracket and open the furnace, using the lid prop to secure the furnace in the open position. The lid prop can be found attached to the rear of the control box.



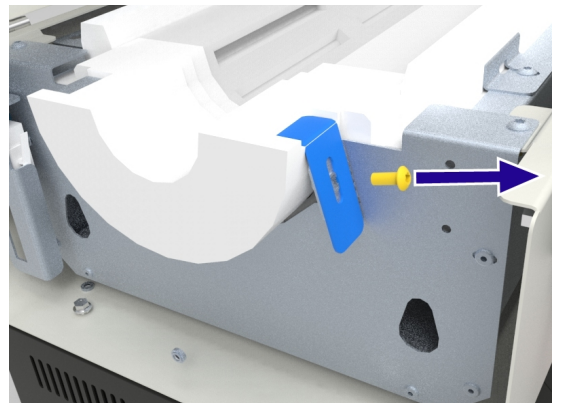
- Using a flexible 8mm hexagon nut driver, loosen the M5 flange nuts holding the furnace end plate in place.



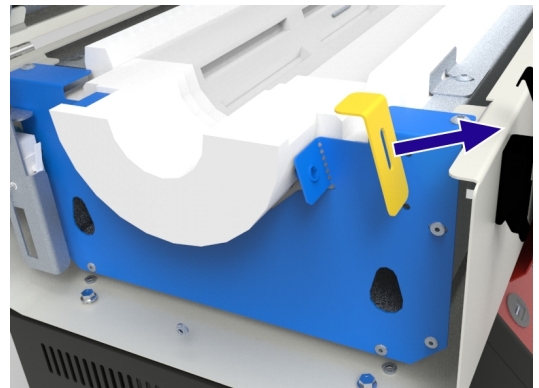
- Gently slide the end plate away from the furnace to provide an accessible gap.



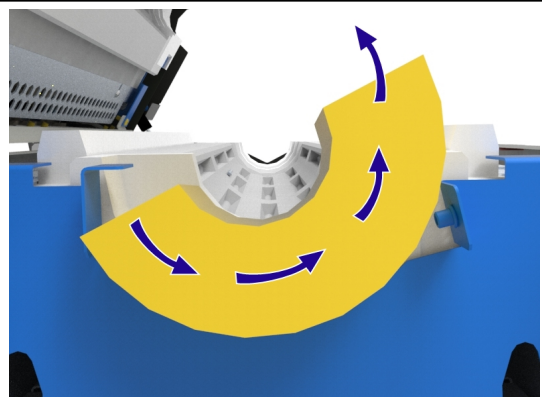
- Remove the M5 screw securing the insulation collar bracket in position.



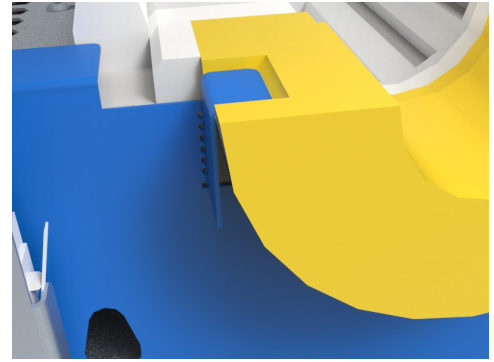
- Remove the bracket.



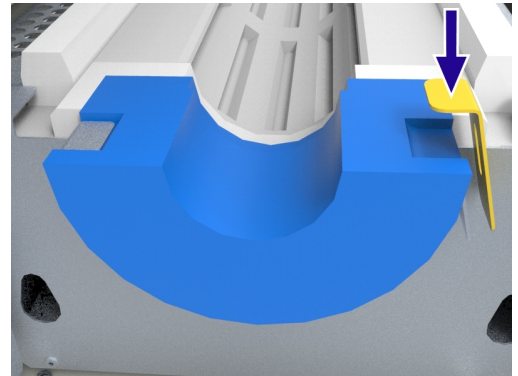
- Carefully rotate and lift the old insulation collar out of position.



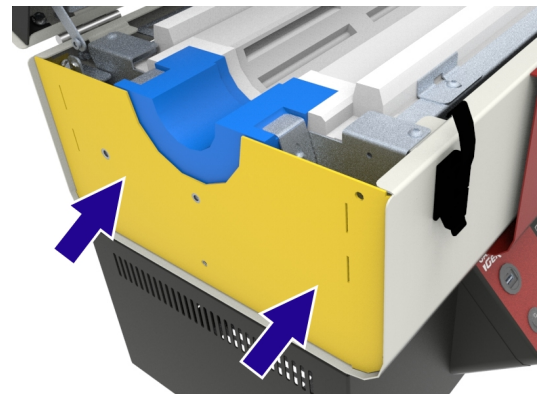
- Carefully insert the new insulation collar, ensuring that the groove on the flat face of the collar fits under the fixed bracket .



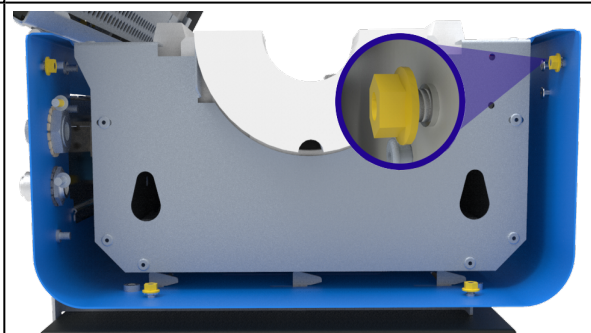
- Refit the insulation collar bracket and tighten it securely onto the groove on the insulation collar. You may need to apply some pressure to the bracket as you tighten the screw to ensure a suitably secure grip.



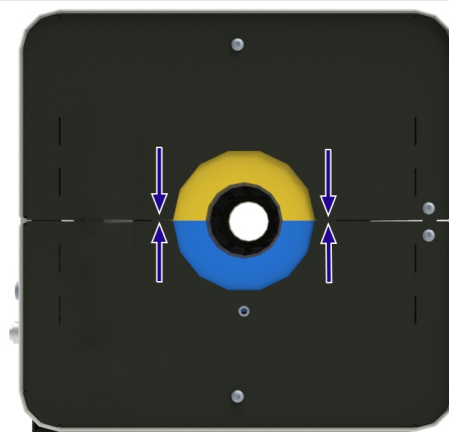
- Push the furnace end plate firmly back into position so that it presses against the insulation collar.



- Secure the end plate by tightening the flange nuts to 4Nm (Newton Metres of torque).



- Whilst supporting the top half of the furnace, remove the lid prop and close the two halves of the furnace together.
- Secure the two halves of the furnace together by replacing the bracket screws at either end of the furnace.
- Check that the insulation collars are properly aligned before recommissioning the furnace.



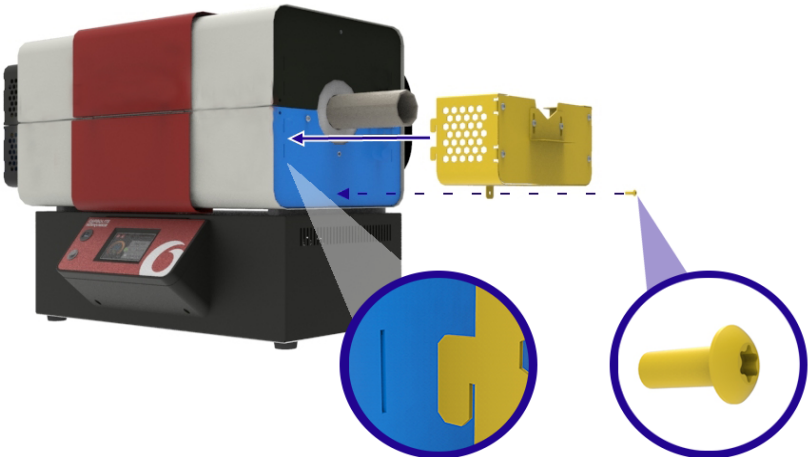
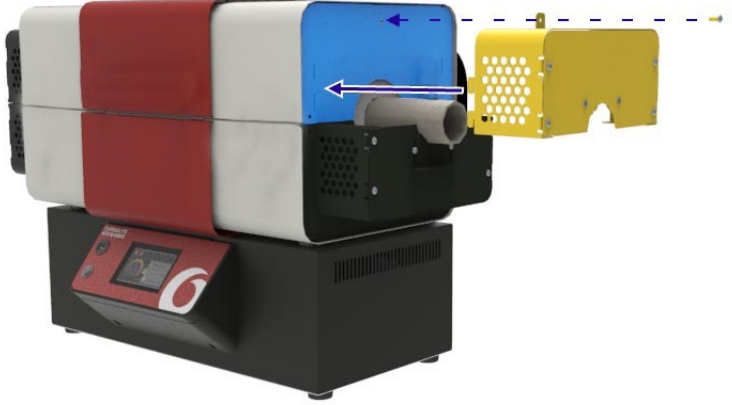
7.7 End Guard Installation

Where a work tube emerges from the furnace its surface and any adjacent metalwork can be too hot to safely touch. To prevent operators from accidentally touching these hot surfaces, end guards are available and included with all Carbolite Gero work tube packages that require an extended work tube.

The end guards may need to be removed and refitted in order to facilitate the installation of a work tube and associated accessories, such as tube supports and end seals.

The end guards are designed to fit on either the left hand or right hand side of the furnace. A single end guard is made up of an upper and a lower part with a notch in one side which should always face the rear of the furnace. You can identify which half of the guard piece fits onto the upper or lower part of the furnace by checking the orientation of the hooks. The hooks should always point downwards.

To fit the end guards:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insert the hooks of the end guard into the slots at the end of the furnace end plate, and secure them with a single screw 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repeat this process for both the upper and lower halves at either side of the furnace 	

7.8 Work Tube Supports



Note: When heated to high temperatures work tubes can become subject to significant thermal expansion both in terms of length and diameter. Care must be taken to ensure that all additional supports accommodate for these changes in shape.



Note: Before adjusting the tube supports, fit the work tube according to the instructions given in section



Note: The customer is responsible for all external fittings and equipment not provided by Carbolite Gero. If external fittings are to be attached to the work tube end seals, ensure that they will not prevent the work tube from expanding and contracting due to changes in temperature. Obstructions can cause damage to the furnace, work tube and other equipment.

7.8.1 Horizontal Orientation

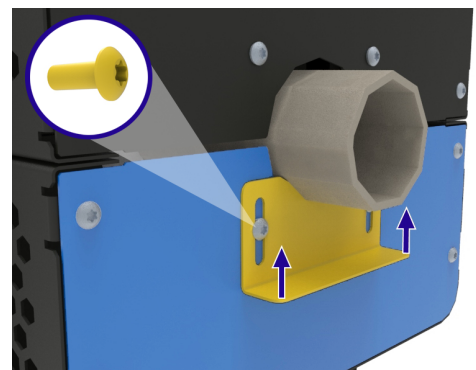
When the furnace is orientated horizontally, a standard work tube can be supported by the furnace insulation, however extended work tubes require additional support when fitted with end seals. Extended work tubes are typically used when working with modified atmospheres, such as gas or vacuum.

The horizontal support bracket is fixed to the lower half of the furnace end guard.

To adjust the positioning of the bracket:

- With the furnace closed, loosen the two screws holding the tube support bracket in place.
- Push the tube support bracket up so that it gently makes contact with the work tube, then retighten the screws to secure the plate in position.
- Repeat this process at the other side of the furnace.

Note: At high temperatures, the work tube will expand both in terms of length and diameter. To avoid additional stress on the work tube during this process, the work tube must be a loose fit. If gripped too tightly, the work tube is at a higher risk of breaking.



7.8.2 Vertical Orientation (Vertical Stand and Vertical Tube Support Package Only)

A support is required to prevent the work tube from sliding through the furnace. The support clamp assembly is attached to the bottom end of the furnace to prevent any

hot parts or fragments from dropping if the work tube breaks during use.

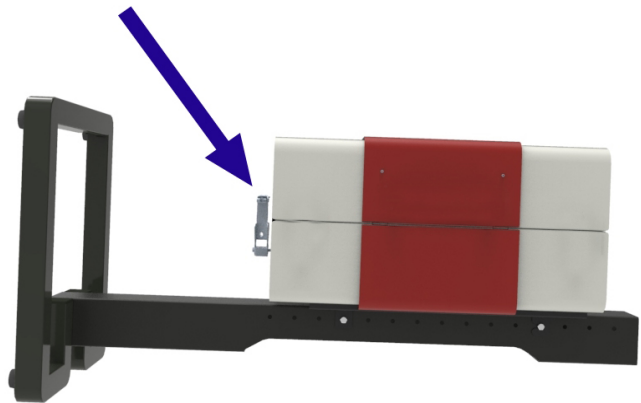
To allow for thermal expansion, the top of work tube is not gripped in place, but guided by an additional metal bracket at the top of the furnace. This reduces the mechanical stress upon the structure of the work tube.

Note: If the furnace was ordered specifically for vertical use, it will be supplied with the tube supports already fitted.

To fit the vertical tube supports:

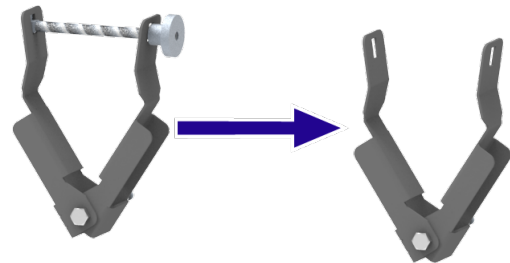
Note: For ease, it is recommended that the furnace is orientated horizontally when fitting the work tube.

- If fitted, remove the furnace end guards.
- The support clamp assembly should be attached to the end of the furnace that will become the bottom when it is orientated vertically.

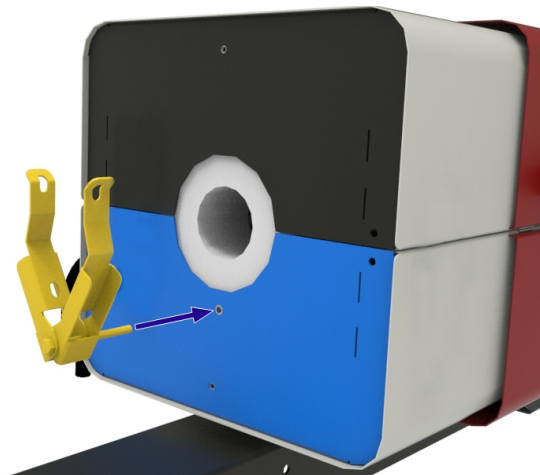


Note: For larger work tube diameters, the support clamp assembly has an additional adjustment bar situated below the work tube.

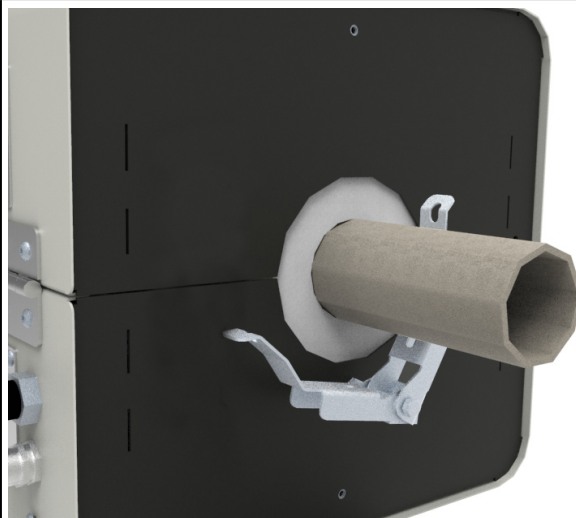
- Remove the adjustment bar(s) and securing nut(s) so that the support clamp opens wider than the outer diameter of the intended work tube.



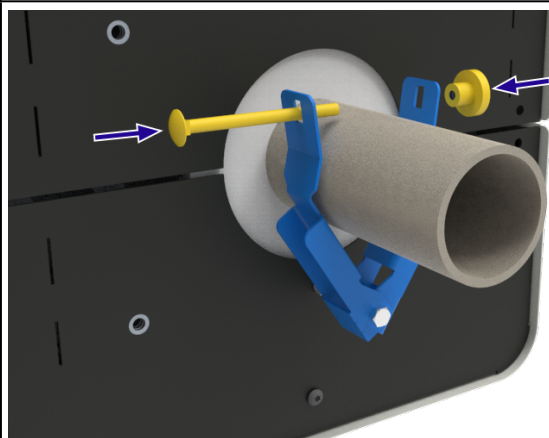
- Screw the support clamp assembly to the furnace end plate on the lower half of the furnace using the M6 bolt, and secure it in position by tightening the lock-nutnut.



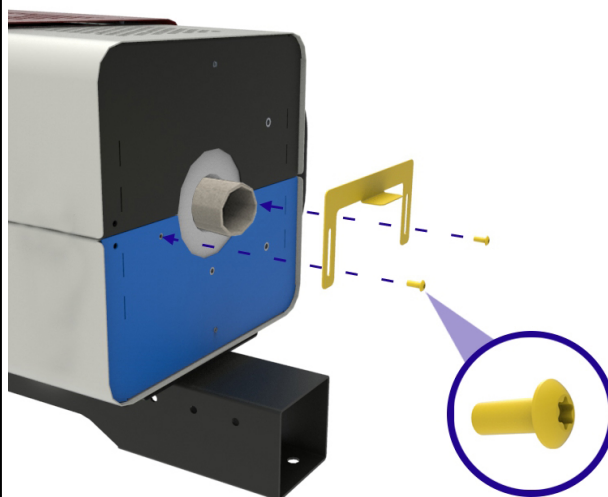
- Insert the work tube into the furnace (refer to section 7.4), carefully sliding one end through the support clamp assembly so as not to damage the tube.



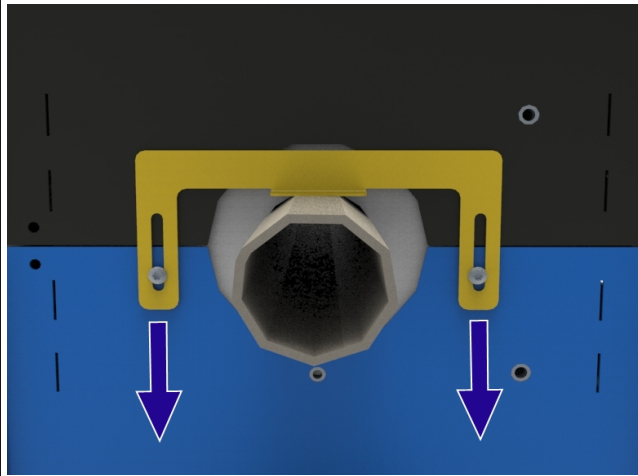
- Refit the adjustment bar(s) and securing nuts, then gently tighten the support clamp assembly until it securely grips the work tube.



- At the other end of the furnace, attach the U-shaped metal guiding bracket to the lower end plate with two M5 screws. These screws can be loosened so that the positioning of the bracket can be adjusted once the work tube is fitted.



- Adjust the positioning of the guiding bracket until it is close to the work tube, but not gripping it, then tighten the screws to secure it in position. The loose fit will help allow for thermal expansion of the work tube.
- Once the work tube is safely secured in place, refit the furnace end guards.



7.9 Dismounting the Furnace from the Control Box



Note: Disconnect the product from the electrical supply before carrying out any maintenance procedures.



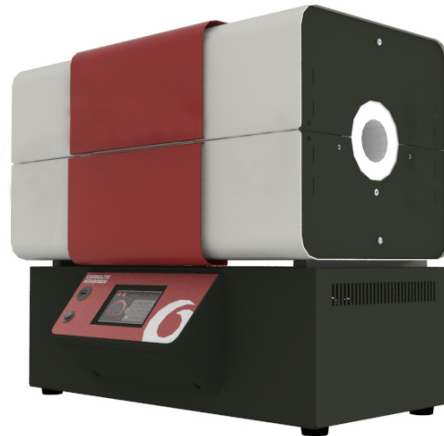
Note: DO NOT attempt to move the product when it is hot. Wait until it has cooled down to room temperature.



Note: DO NOT attempt the following steps without assistance. Specialised lifting equipment is required to lift and move the product. Please refer to section 7.1 for manual handling recommendations.

To separate the furnace from the control box:

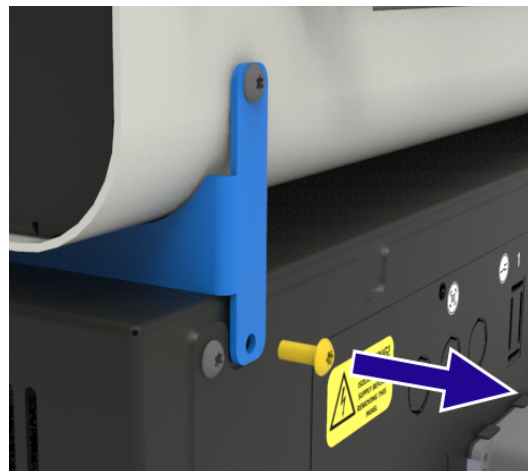
- Disconnect the furnace from the control box by unplugging the cables that run between them.



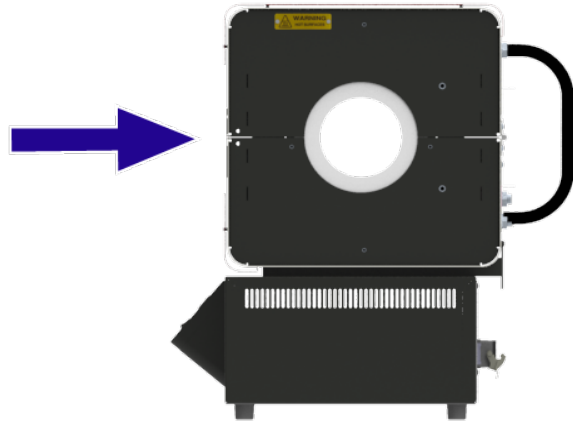
- There are a set of spacer brackets securing the furnace to the control box.



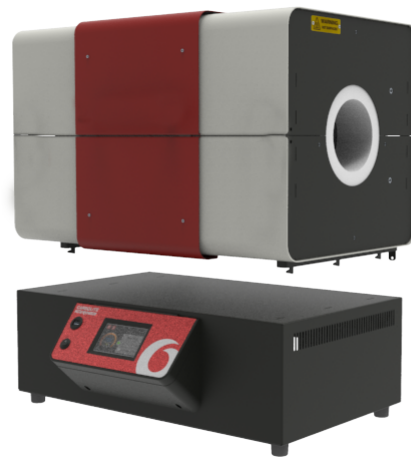
- Remove the bottom screw on all the spacer brackets, ensuring that the furnace body is sufficiently supported.



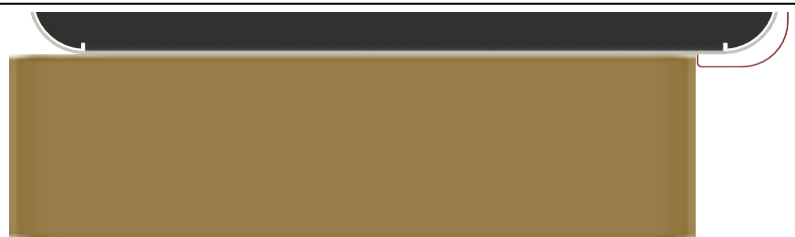
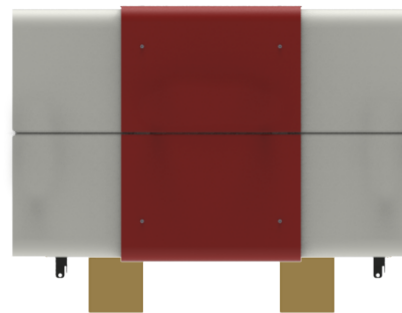
- Slide the furnace body backwards to disengage the tabs on the spacer brackets from the slots on the top of the control box.



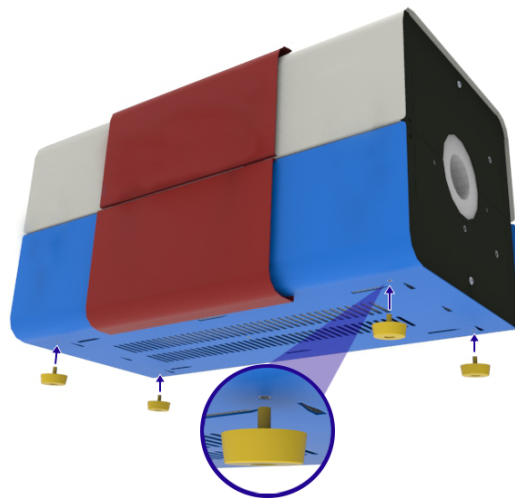
- Using the appropriate lifting equipment, carefully lift the furnace body from the control box.



- Lower the furnace down onto two support blocks. The blocks should be no smaller than 100mm square section and at least the same depth as the furnace body. The front section of the blocks should rest behind the red section of the casing.
- Remove the spacer brackets and store them for future use.



- Additional feet are provided to support the furnace when dismantled from the control box. Screw the feet into the holes provided on the underside of the casing.
- Use the appropriate lifting equipment to move the furnace from the blocks to its desired position.



7.10 Mounting the Furnace on the Vertical Stand



Note: Disconnect the product from the electrical supply before carrying out any maintenance procedures.

The vertical stand is only included as part of the "Vertical Stand and Vertical Tube Support Package". Please contact Carbolite Gero for details.



Note: DO NOT attempt to move the product when it is hot. Wait until it has cooled down to room temperature.



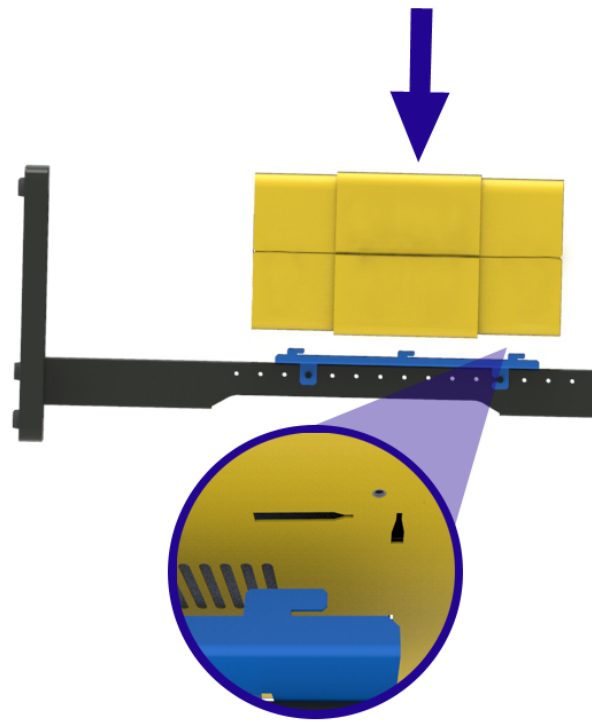
Note: DO NOT attempt the following steps without assistance. Specialised lifting equipment is required to lift and move the product.

Note: If the furnace is supplied fixed to the control box, it must be dismantled before proceeding. Refer to section 7.9 for details.

- Lay the vertical stand down horizontally.



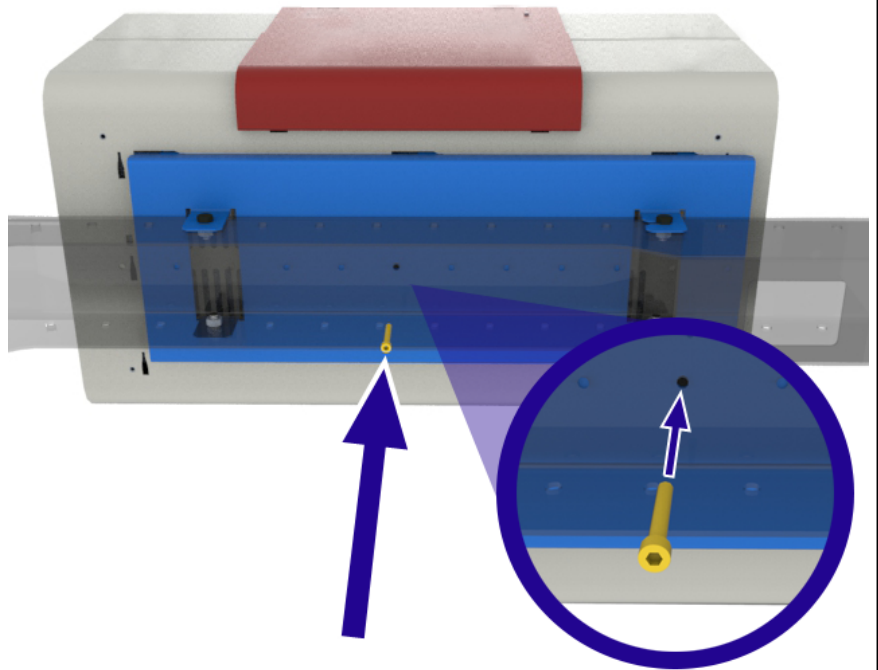
- On the underside of the furnace there are tapered slots that allow the furnace to be fixed to the mounting bracket.
- Using the appropriate lifting equipment (see section 7.1) lower the furnace down onto the mounting bracket, ensuring that all hooks are located securely into the tapered slots.



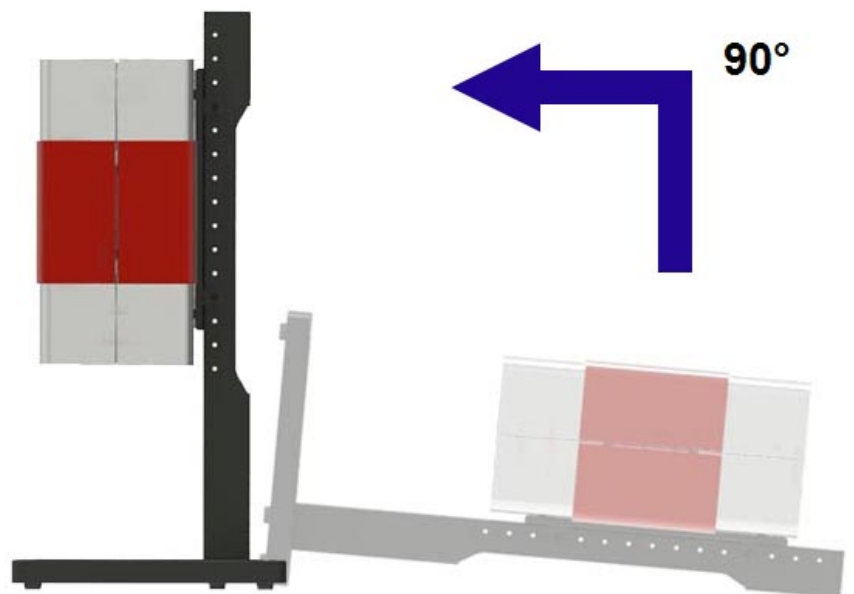
- Carefully push the furnace towards the base of the stand to ensure the hooks are securely engaged into the taper.



- Insert the security screw (s) through the back of the mounting bracket and into the base of the furnace to lock it securely in place.



- Using the appropriate lifting equipment, raise the furnace stand into a vertical orientation.



7.11 Securing Vertical Stands to a Surface



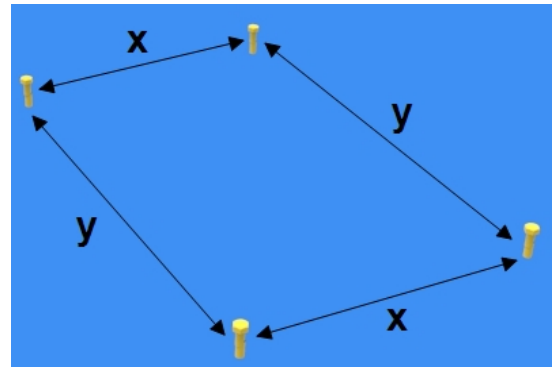
Note: The customer is responsible for ensuring that the surface to which the stand is to be mounted is suitable to support the weight of both the stand and furnace. The customer is also responsible for providing appropriate hex head fixings and washers for securing the stand to the intended mounting surface.



Note: DO NOT attempt the following steps without assistance. Specialised lifting equipment is required to lift and move the product.

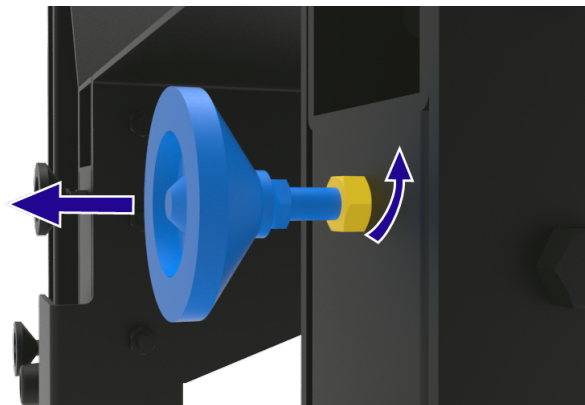
7.11.1 Horizontal Surface

- Make four holes in the surface to which the furnace is to be mounted. The holes should be positioned according to the dimensions given in the accompanying diagram.

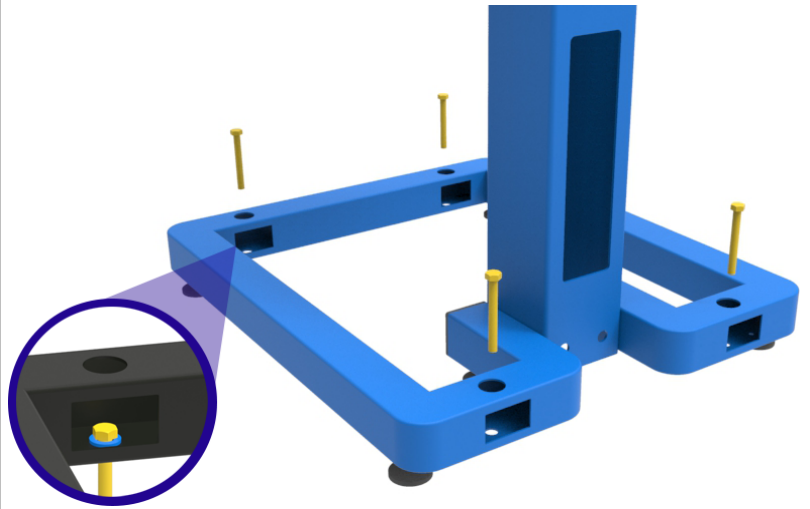


x	301mm
y	525mm

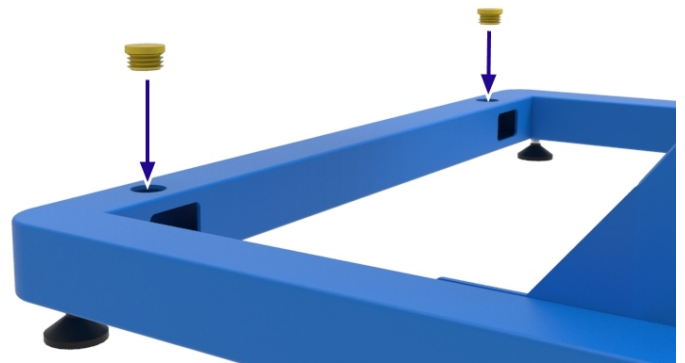
- The feet on the base of the stand can be adjusted to accommodate slightly uneven surfaces. It is possible to increase or decrease the height by loosening the nuts holding the feet in place, moving the feet to the desired position, then retightening the nuts. Ensure that the nuts are secure before uprighting the furnace and stand.



- Using the appropriate lifting equipment, vertically orientate the furnace and stand, positioning them so that the holes in the base of the stand align with the holes made in the surface.
- Feed four hex head fixings through the holes in the base of the stand. It is recommended that a washer is placed between the hole on the lower surface of the base, and the head of the fixing.
- Tighten the fixings so that the furnace and stand are attached securely to the surface and cannot be tipped over.

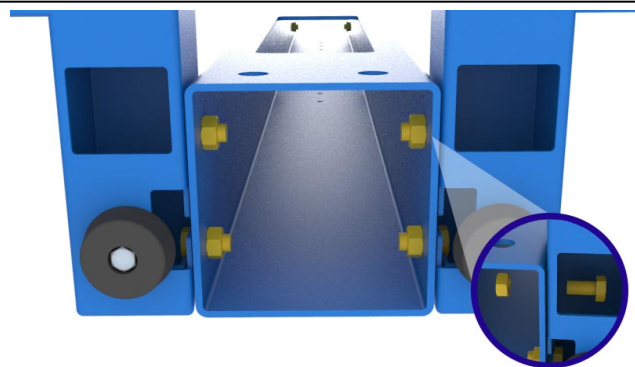


- The vertical stands are supplied with a set of bungs that can be inserted into the bolt access holes in the base of the stand.



7.11.2 Vertical Surface

- Separate the base of the vertical stand from the upright section by removing all the nuts and bolts securing them together.
- Mount the furnace to the upright section of the vertical stand (see section 7.10).



- Make four holes in the surface to which the furnace is to be mounted. The holes should be positioned according to the dimensions given in the accompanying diagram.



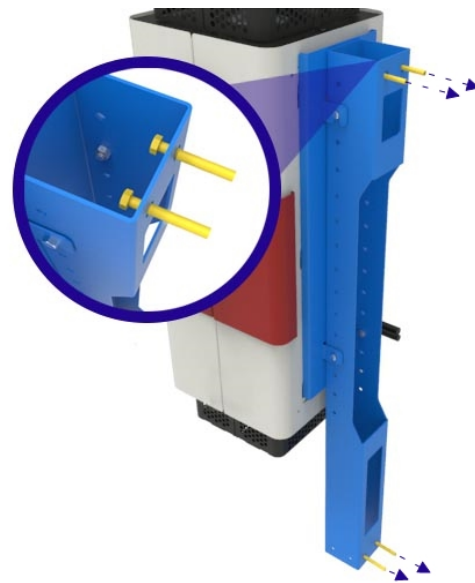
x	50mm
y	1147

- Feed four hex head fixings through the appropriate holes in the stand.
- Use the appropriate lifting equipment (see section 7.1) to lift and hold the furnace and stand in position, then tighten the fixings into the vertical surface.



WARNING:

Check that the furnace and stand are properly secured before removing any lifting equipment!



7.12 Electrical Connections



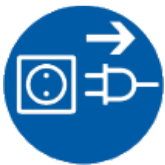
For products supplied without pre-fitted plugs, it is recommended that all electrical connections are carried out by a qualified electrician.

The product covered by this manual normally requires a single phase A.C. supply, which may be "Live to Neutral non-reversible", "Live to Neutral reversible" or "Live to Live".

Check the product rating label before connection. The supply voltage should correspond with the voltage on the label and the supply capacity should be sufficient for the current on the label.

The supply should be fused at the next size equal to, or higher than the current on the label. This manual contains a table of the most common fuse ratings.

- When the mains cable is factory-fitted / supplied, internal fuses are also fitted. It is essential that the operator ensures that the power supply is correctly fused.
- Products with a factory fitted supply cable but without a plug are designed to be wired directly to an isolator or fitted with a line plug compliant with the customer's local regulations and supply.
- Products without a factory-fitted supply cable require a permanent connection to a fused and isolated supply. The product's electrical component access panel should be temporarily removed, and connections made to the internal terminals / fuse holder.



When connecting the product to the power supply, the plug or isolating switch should be accessible, easy to remove / operate, and within reach of the operator.

Note: The supply MUST incorporate an earth (ground).

7.12.1 1-Phase Connections

Terminal Label	Cable Colour	Supply Type & Connection	
		<i>Live - Neutral</i>	<i>Reversible or Live - Live</i>
L1	Brown	to live	to either power conductor (for USA 200-240 V, connect L1)
N / L2	Blue	to neutral	to the other power conductor (for USA 200-240 V, connect L2)
PE	Green / Yellow	to earth (ground)	to earth (ground)

7.13 Mains Supply Cable

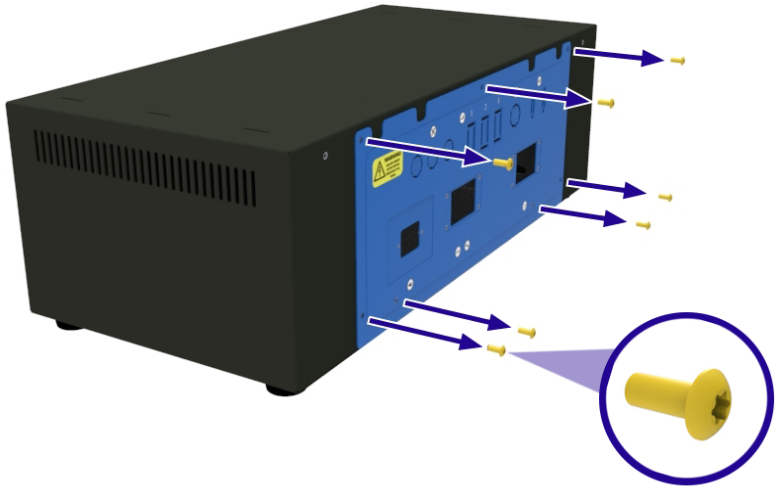
IEC	3-core, 1.5mm ² rated to 16 Amp, 250 VAC
-----	---

7.14 Connecting a Supply Cable to Internal Terminals

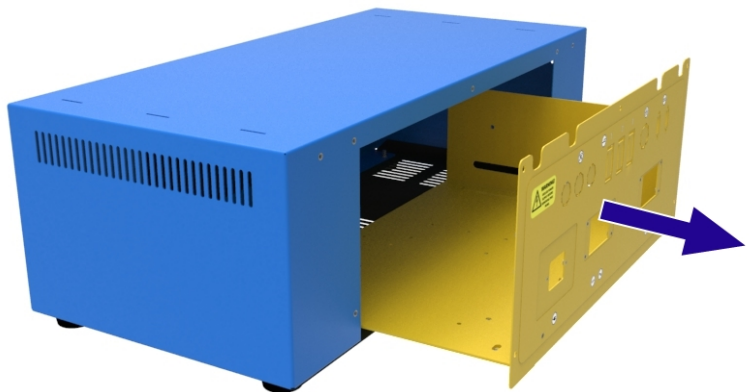


For products rated above 16 Amps supplied without pre-fitted plugs, all electrical connections should be carried out by a qualified electrician.

- Locate the electrical component access panel at the rear of the control box.
- Remove all screws securing the panel to the control box.

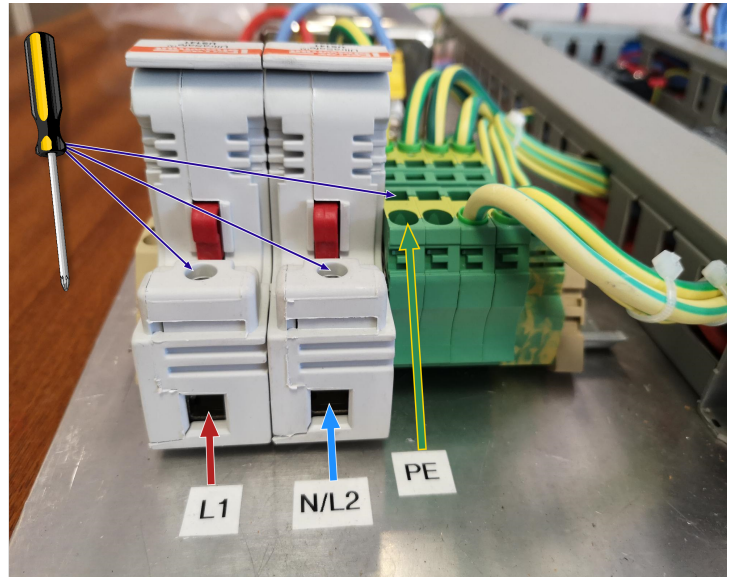


- Carefully slide the panel out of the control box, and disconnect the earth connection, taking care not to disconnect or damage any wiring.



- On the electrical component access panel, fit an appropriate sized gland for the cable required.
- To connect the Live and Neutral wires (e.g. L1, N/L2), loosen the screw on the top of the fuse holder and fully insert the wire into the slot. Tighten the screw to secure the wire in place.
- To connect the earth (PE) wire, insert an appropriately sized flat blade screwdriver into the slot on the top of the terminal and fully insert the wire into the round hole. Remove the screwdriver to secure the wire in place.

Note: The number of Live terminals will differ depending on the product and power supply configuration ordered.



8.0 Commissioning

Note: This equipment should not be put into use until it has been commissioned by a competent person in accordance with the instructions contained within this manual, and any local regulations. Carbolite Gero offer an installation and commissioning service. Please contact Carbolite Gero Service for details.

8.1 Pre-Commissioning

When the product is cold and disconnected from the power supply, visually check the following:		Checked by:
Siting / Securing	Check that the product is placed on a secure, level surface and cannot topple over. If mounted vertically, ensure the stand is bolted to the floor or work surface before use.	
Packaging	Check that all packaging material has been removed from inside and around the product.	
General Condition	Check that no damage has occurred during delivery and siting.	
General Access	Check that there is sufficient clearance around the top and all sides of the product . Refer to the "Installation" section of this manual for required clearance dimensions.	
Ventilation	Check that the product has been installed in a well ventilated area.	
Extraction	If a room extraction system is in operation (not supplied by Carbolite Gero), check that there is sufficient clearance between the extraction hood and the product. Refer to the "Installation" section of this manual for required clearance dimensions.	
Thermal Insulation	Check for signs of damage, deterioration, excessive cracking or missing insulation material. (Please refer to section 9.4	
Safety Guards and Panels	Check that all covers, safety guards (if ordered) and access panels are securely fitted.	
Electrical Supply	Check that the voltage stated on the product rating label matches the electrical supply of the installation site. If a mains cable has been provided, check that it is securely attached to/ plugged into the product. If the product is rated above 16 Amps and requires a	

	separate mains cable to be wired directly into the product, check that the cable is rated correctly and fitted by a qualified electrician.	
Earth Connection	Check that an earth connection has been made. All removable panels should be earthed.	
Gas Connections / System (if fitted)	If the product was ordered with ancillary equipment for working with gases e.g. inert gas package, gas safety system etc. check that all connections have been made as detailed in this manual.	
Rating Label / Warning Labels	Check that all labels are fitted and all information is legible. (See section 3.2)	

8.2 Commissioning - Initial Function Checks



Note: Do not operate the furnace without first installing a work tube. Operating without a work tube exposes the operator to live electrical components (heating elements) and subsequent risk of electric shock.

When the product has been connected to the mains electrical supply, check the following:		Checked by:
Instrument Switch	Check that when turned to the ON position, the temperature controller(s) illuminates.	
Main Temperature Controller	Check that the temperature controller is functioning correctly by setting a setpoint or starting a program as instructed in the controller manual instructions. The product should begin to heat to the set / programmed temperature. The furnace is despatched with all controller setpoints set to 0°C to ensure that the product does not unintentionally start heating during initial commissioning checks.	
Over-Temperature Controller (if fitted)	Set the over-temperature setpoint lower than the temperature displayed on the main temperature controller. The over-temperature should go into an alarm state and the product should stop heating.	
Gas connections / system (if fitted)	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p>Note: Please refer to the separate Inert Gas Package / Laboratory Gas Safety System manual for details.</p> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check that the supply pressure is regulated to a maximum of 0.05 bar (50 mbar). • If an over-pressure valve is fitted ensure that it is directed away from both operators and sensitive equipment. • Check that all the connections to the gas supply are secure and that gas flows correctly through the system e.g. flowmeters register, any solenoid valves open. 	

Work tube	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check that the work tube is fitted before operation. • Check that the work tube has room to expand/contract during heating. The work tube must be a loose fit inside the furnace. 	
Work tube package (optional)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check that the work tube is fitted before operation. • Check that the work tube has room to expand/contract during heating. The work tube must be a loose fit inside the furnace. • Check that the insulation plugs / radiation shields are fitted. • If end seals are required, check that they are securely fitted. • Check that the work tube supports are correctly fitted. 	

9.0 Operation

9.1 Operating Cycle



Note: The customer is responsible for conducting their own risk assessment prior to operating this product.



Note: Ensure that all pre-commissioning and commissioning checks have been performed before proceeding with normal operation of this product. Please refer to section 8.0 for a list of recommended checks.



Note: Always ensure that the operator is wearing the appropriate PPE when operating this product. Please consult your Health and Safety personnel and refer to section 2.0.

1. After installing all equipment and accessories as required, connect the product to the electrical supply.
2. Turn on the instrument switch to activate the temperature controllers. The controllers will illuminate and go through a short test cycle.
3. Set up the temperature controllers as required. Please refer to the separate temperature controller manual for details on controller operation.
4. If the product is fitted with over-temperature protection, set the required over-temperature setpoint according to the instructions detailed in the separate controller manual.
5. If a setpoint has been set on the main controller, either manually or via a program, the product will begin to heat up.
6. Diagnostic heater lamps at the rear of the control box will illuminate when the product is heating.
7. Proceed with your heating process.
8. If the product is fitted with over-temperature protection and the over-temperature alarm is triggered, follow the instructions in the separate controller manual to reset and continue with your heating process.
9. To switch off power to the heating elements, reduce the setpoint to 0°C on the main temperature controller.
10. Switching off the instrument switch will cut power to the heating elements and temperature controller(s).

Note: If the product is to be left switched off and unattended, isolate it from the mains electrical supply.

9.2 Safe Operation



This product can be operated continuously up to **100°C below** the maximum operating temperature, however constant use at high temperatures can accelerate the degradation process of various components which will require replacement. Please contact Carbolite Gero to request the "Maintenance" manual for your product.



Note: DO NOT leave the product operating unattended unless the over-temperature protection option is fitted.



Refer to the "Safety" section of this manual for details on ensuring operator safety.

Explosive materials:



- The furnace must not be used to heat materials that could explode, or that could emit gases that could form explosive mixtures. If the safe heating of a material is dependent on its temperature, only heat these types of materials if the furnace has the optional over-temperature protection device fitted.
- Ensure that the over-temperature device is calibrated and set to an over-temperature safety limit that is appropriate for the material being heated so as to avoid any hazards. If in doubt, seek expert advice before proceeding.
- Customers are responsible for carrying out their own risk assessments on the heating of materials.

Do not operate without a work tube/vessel:



- The furnace must not be operated without the correctly sized work tube and corresponding work tube adaptors.
- If operated without a work tube, it may be possible for an operator to access electrically live heating element coils, which could cause serious injury or death.

Switch off the furnace before loading and unloading:



- The furnace elements must be switched off using the instrument switch when the furnace is being loaded or unloaded.
- The work tube can become electrically conductive at high temperatures. If an element has failed and collapsed onto the work tube, the work tube will become live which could cause serious injury or death.

9.3 Recommendations for Work Tube Usage

9.3.1 Inserting Work Pieces and Samples

- Great care should be taken if inserting cold pieces into a hot work tube as the difference in temperature can cause thermal stresses, which may subsequently break the work tube. To avoid this, it is recommended that cold pieces are inserted into the work tube at ambient temperature prior to heating.
- Large work pieces should be heated slowly to ensure that large temperature differences do not arise.
- Ensure minimal surface contact between the work piece and the tube to reduce thermal conduction between the two; crucibles or boats should be of low thermal mass.

9.3.2 Running at High Temperatures

- During heating, the work tube will increase in both length and diameter, a process known as thermal expansion. The rate of thermal expansion is dependent on the properties of the work tube material and the temperatures to which it is exposed.
- Unsupported sections of the work tube may experience some drooping malformations when hot, which can stress the material and increase the risk of breakage.
- If running the furnace at high temperatures, it is recommended that the work tube is rotated 180° after the completion of each run to equalise the amount of stress on each side of the work tube.

9.3.3 Heating Rates

Note: Do not set too high a heating or cooling rate, as tubes are susceptible to thermal shock and may break. Tubes which extend beyond the heated part of the furnace are more at risk.

- A general rule for maximum heating or cooling rate is $400 \div$ internal diameter in mm to give (°C/ min); for tubes with an inner diameter of 75 mm, this is an increase of 5 °C per minute.
- The controller can be set to limit both the heating and cooling rate.

9.4 Insulation Cracking

In these furnaces the insulation material is susceptible to surface cracking as a result of high temperature cycling; this is a normal occurrence and such cracking is not detrimental to the performance of the furnace.

9.5 Pressure



Work tubes are not intended to accept high internal pressure. When gas seals or similar fittings are in use, the gas pressure should be restricted to a **maximum of 0.05 bar (50mbar)**. A pressure of approximately half of that should normally be sufficient to achieve the desired flow rate. The operator must ensure that the exhaust path from the tube is not blocked, so that excess pressure does not occur.

- A suitably regulated gas supply should always be used.
- It is recommended that a pressure relief system should be used to avoid an over pressurisation of the work tube.

Note: A product should not be heated up if any valves that have been fitted are closed to create a sealed volume. A sealed work tube should not be heated from cold due to the pressure increase caused by the trapped air or gas expanding during the heating process.



Note: To minimise the increase of back pressure, always increase the pipe diameter of any room vent lines when connecting to a product exhaust outlet. For example, 6mm outlet connections should be increased to a diameter of 10mm or greater for room lines between 5 - 10 metres in length.



Note: Always maintain clean gas lines. Regularly inspect vent lines connected to the exhaust outlet as any build up of debris may increase the back pressure of the vessel/ work tube.

10.0 Maintenance

10.1 General Maintenance

Preventive rather than reactive maintenance is recommended. The type and frequency depends on the product use; the following are recommended.












10.2 Maintenance Schedule




 CUSTOMER

 QUALIFIED PERSONNEL



DANGER! ELECTRIC SHOCK. Risk of fatal injury. Only electrically qualified personnel should attempt these maintenance procedures.

Maintenance Procedure	Method	Frequency				
		Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Bi-Annually	Annually
Safety						
Over-Temperature Safety Circuit (if fitted)	Set an over-temperature setpoint lower than the displayed temperature and check for an over-temperature alarm as detailed in this manual					
Over-Temperature Safety Circuit (if fitted)	Electrical measurement 					
Electrical Safety (external)	Visual check of external cables and plugs					
Electrical Safety (internal)	Physically check all connections are tight, with no visible evidence of heat damage before proceeding with cleaning of the power plate area					
Electrical Safety (earthing)	Using a megohmmeter (insulation resistance tester), check the earth connection between the cable entry point and the main earth connection point, then between the main earth connection and the power plate, control box screw heads, top and bottom of the furnace body and vertical stand (if in use)					
Function						
Temperature Calibration	Tested using certified equipment, frequency dependent on the standard required					
Operational Check	Check that all functions are working normally					
Operational Check	Thorough inspection and report incorporating a test of all functions					

Work Tube Position	Visually check that the tube is central to the heated zone (horizontally / vertically)					
End Plugs / Radiation Shields	Visual check for damage or wear, and correct positioning					
Seals (if fitted)	Check all seals and O-rings and clamps					
Performance						
Element Circuit	Electrical measurement 					
Power Consumption	Measure the current drawn on each phase / circuit					
Cooling Fans (if fitted)	Check whether the cooling fans are working					

10.3 Cleaning



Note: Disconnect the product from the electrical supply before carrying out any maintenance procedures.

- With the product switched off, cold, and electrically isolated from the mains, wipe over surfaces using a damp cloth, wrung almost dry.
- **DO NOT** use solvents.
- If necessary, vacuum out the inside of the product to remove any dust or minor debris and dispose of any material removed, in accordance with local regulations, at an approved disposal facility.



Note: Care must be taken to ensure that no moisture enters the furnace or makes contact with any electrical components.

10.4 Calibration

After prolonged use, the controller and/or thermocouple may require recalibration. This is important for processes that require accurate temperature readings or for those that use the product close to its maximum temperature. A quick check using an independent thermocouple and temperature indicator should be made from time to time to determine whether full calibration is required. Carbolite Gero can supply these items. Depending on the controller fitted, the controller instructions may contain calibration instructions.

10.5 After-Sales Service

Carbolite Gero Service has a team of Service Engineers who can offer repair, calibration and preventive maintenance of furnace and oven products both at the Carbolite Gero factory and at customers' premises throughout the world. A telephone call or email often enables a fault to be diagnosed and the necessary parts to be despatched.

In all correspondence please quote the serial number and model type given on the rating label of the product. The serial number and model type are also given on the back of this manual when supplied with the product.

Carbolite Gero Service and Carbolite Gero contact information can be found on the back page of this manual.

10.6 Recommended Spare Parts and Spare Parts Kit

Carbolite Gero can supply individual spare parts or a kit of the items most likely to be required. Ordering a kit in advance can save time in the event of a breakdown.

Please consult Carbolite Gero's Sales Department for details of recommended spare parts.

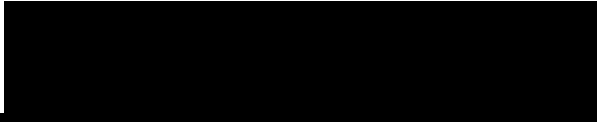
10.7 Maintenance Manual

Instructions for the repair and replacement of common components are detailed in the separate "Maintenance Manual" for this product. Please contact Carbolite Gero to request a copy.

11.0 Fault Analysis

Note: The heating lamps are located at the rear of the control box.

A. Furnace Does Not Heat Up				
1.	The heating lamps are ON	▶	The heating element has failed	▶ Check also that the SSR is working correctly
2.	The heating lamps are OFF	▶	The controller shows a very high temperature or code such as S.br (Sensorbreak)	▶ The thermocouple has broken or has a wiring fault
		▶	The controller shows a low temperature	▶ The door switch(es) (if fitted) may be faulty or need adjustment
				▶ The contactor/relay (if fitted) may be faulty
				▶ The SSR could be failing to switch on due to internal failure, faulty logic wiring from the controller, or faulty controller
		▶	There are no lights glowing on the controller	▶ Check the supply fuses and any fuses in the furnace control compartment
				▶ The controller may be faulty or not receiving a supply due to a faulty switch or a wiring fault.



B. Product Overheats					
1.	Product only heats up when the instrument switch is ON	▶	The controller shows a very high temperature	▶	The controller is faulty
		▶	The controller shows a low temperature	▶	The thermocouple may be faulty or may have been removed out of the heating chamber
				▶	The thermocouple may be connected the wrong way around
				▶	The controller may be faulty
2.	Product heats up when the controller setpoint is set to 0.	▶	The SSR has failed closed.	▶	The SSR is faulty

12.0 Decommissioning, Storage and Disposal

12.1 Decommissioning

1. Reduce the setpoint on all temperature controllers to 0°C so that heating cannot begin accidentally when the product is recommissioned
2. Isolate the product from the power supply
3. Allow the product to cool to room temperature
4. Disconnect the product from the power supply
5. Disconnect all additional equipment and external connections e.g. gas supplies
6. Remove and store the work tube / vessel

12.2 Storage (Long Term)

Store in a cool, dry place.



Note: If the furnace is exposed to a humid environment during storage, it must be fully dried out before recommissioning. All internal electrical circuits should be checked for signs of moisture. If there are visible signs of moisture, the product should be isolated from the power supply and allowed to dry out at ambient temperature for at least 24 hours. Please contact Carbolite Gero Service for further advice.

12.3 Disposal




Note: This product should only be disposed of in accordance with local regulations and requirements regarding electrical equipment.

Within the European Community the disposal of electrically operated devices is regulated according to guidance based on the EU Directive 2012/19/EU on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE). Disposal regulations may differ worldwide.

If uncertain, please contact Carbolite Gero for advice on disposal.

13.0 Declaration of Conformity

UK CA	Declaration of Conformity In accordance with BS EN ISO/IEC 17050-1:2010 Certificate No: 002	CE
Manufacturer's and Certificate Issue Address:	CARBOLITE GERO Ltd, Parsons Lane, Hope, Hope Valley, S33 6RB, England, UK. Tel: +44(0)1433 620011 info@carbolite-gero.com www.carbolite-gero.com	
Product Range:	TF1/TF3 - Tube Furnaces	
Models:	11/32/ 150, 12/60/150, 12/60/300, 12/60/450, 12/60/600, 12/125/400, 12/125/600, 12/125/800, 12/125/1000, 12/125/1200	
Carbolite Gero Ltd hereby declare that the products specified above comply with the essential safety requirements of the:		
Low Voltage Directive:		
2014/35/EU (and amendments to that Directive) in accordance with the standards:		
BS EN 61010-1:2010	Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use. General requirements.	
BS EN 61010-2-010:2020	Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use. Particular requirements for laboratory equipment for the heating of materials.	
EMC Directive:		
2014/30/EU (and amendments to that Directive) in accordance with:		
BS EN 61326-1:2020	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use. EMC requirements. General requirements.	
RoHS2 Directive:		
2011/65/EU On the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.		
Category #9	Monitoring and control instruments including industrial monitoring and control instruments.	
Signed for on behalf of Carbolite Gero Ltd.:		Richard Bilson Director of Engineering
Date:	15/01/2021	

ProductLabel

The products covered in this manual are only a small part of the wide range of ovens, chamber furnaces and tube furnaces manufactured by Carbolite Gero for laboratory and industrial use. For further details of our standard or custom built products please contact us at the address below, or ask your nearest stockist.

For preventive maintenance, repair and calibration of all furnace and oven products, please contact:

Carbolite Gero Service

Telephone: + 44 (0) 1433 624242

Fax: +44 (0) 1433 624243

Email: ServiceUK@carbolite-gero.com

Carbolite Gero Ltd,

Parsons Lane, Hope, Hope Valley,
S33 6RB, England.

Telephone: + 44 (0) 1433 620011

Fax: + 44 (0) 1433 621198

Email: Info@carbolite-gero.com

www.carbolite-gero.com

CARBOLITE
GERO 30-3000°C

Copyright © 2020 Carbolite Gero Limited